L. P. FISHER'S ADVERTISING AGENCY Room 24 Merchants Exchange SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

The Yolo Democrat.

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The Yolo Democrat.

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WM. SAUNDERS,

Editor and Proprietor.

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" six months.....2 00
" three months.....1 00

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Carriage & Wagon Making

Horse Shoeing

—AND—

GENERAL JOBBING!

THE NEW FIRM OF

BEACH & KNOX

F. A. KNOX. C. L. BEACH.

Have leased the well-known

ELLIOTT CARRIAGE AND WAGON SHOP.

And propose to carry on the business in a manner that will be entirely satisfactory to the public. They will manufacture

ALL KINDS OF VEHICLES,

Carriages, Buggies, Sulkies,

WAGONS, Light and Heavy,

FARMING IMPLEMENTS, Etc.

☞ All kinds of Woodwork and Blacksmithing warranted to give satisfaction.

BEACH & KNOX, Proprietors.

WOODLAND, November 17th, 1875. au17-3m

New Grocery Store.

Having opened a new Grocery Store in DIETZ' BUILDING,

NEXT DOOR TO BENTLEY & SIMPSON'S,

Woodland, I am prepared to supply the public with all kinds of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES, FRUITS, BUTTER AND EGGS,

And Everything a Family needs in that line.

Also, Tobacco and Cigars, Candies, Nuts, Etc.

oc12 3m GEORGE FINSTERER.

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MARBLE WORKS.

MANUFACTURER OF

MONUMENTS,

TOMB STONES,

MANTLES,

BUREAU TOPS,

PLUMBERS' SLABS,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

252 *K Street, Near Ninth,*

Sacramento.

oc5-3m

CAPITAL HOTEL.

Having purchased, thoroughly renovated and refurnished this old and favorite house throughout, the patronage of the traveling and resident public is respectfully solicited.

Good Boarding and Comfortable Rooms

At reasonable prices by the day or week. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords.

No Chinese Cooks Employed.

Free 'bus to and from all passenger trains.

JOHN TACKNEY, Proprietor.

au24-3m

GOLDEN EAGLE HOTEL!

Cor. K and 7th Sts.,

SACRAMENTO.

This old, well-known and popular house has recently been refitted and

Furnished in the Most Elegant Style.

sc14-3m A. SITES, MANAGER.

CRAFT HOTEL,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

JOHN JACOBS, Proprietor.

The new proprietor proposes to make this house First-Class in every respect. It is all new and clean, handsomely furnished, and in a good location.

The Dining Room

Will continue under the supervision of an experienced caterer, and the accommodations are such as to please guests and patrons in every department. no2-3m

C. H. DAVIS. JAS. VEIRS.

WOODLAND MEAT MARKETS.

CHAS. H. DAVIS & CO., *Proprietors.*

Good Beef,

MUTTON, VEAL,

PORK, SAUSAGE, SALT MEATS, ETC.,

Constantly on hand. oc5-3m

BUCKEYE AND COTTONWOOD STAGE!

After July 1st, 1874, the Stage for Cottonwood and Buckeye, carrying United States Mails, will LEAVE WOODLAND every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at half-past Six. Returning, will LEAVE BUCKEYE at One P.M., via Cottonwood.

Passengers will find this an easy and comfortable conveyance.

All business matters entrusted to me will attended to with promptness and fidelity.

jy3 J. G. ALLISON, PROPRIETOR.

Furniture and Undertaker's ESTABLISHMENT!

P. KRELLENBERG,

Dealer in all kinds of

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

A large assortment always on hand, which will be sold at reasonable prices!

GENERAL UNDERTAKER,

—ALSO—

I keep on hand a large lot of BURIAL CASES and COFFINS, and have a

FIRST-CLASS HEARSE,

So that I am prepared to supply everything necessary for Funerals on short notice.

Store, Cor. Third and Main Sts.,

Opp. Peckman's Livery Stables,

se7-3m WOODLAND.

ESTABLISHED 1853.

15 Cents. — 15 Cents.

Violin and Guitar Strings,

FINEST ROMAN OR ITALIAN,

FIFTEEN CENTS EACH.

☞ Send Fifteen Cents in Stamps, Currency or Coin for a Sample String to

DALE & CO'S

MUSIC STORE,

185 J St. Sacramento.

NEW MUSIC JUST ARRIVED!

no2-3m

CENTENNIAL

SHOULDER-LOCKING

Portable Fence!

This is an entirely new kind of portable fence, patented January, 1876.

W. H. HAMPTON, Agent, Davisville.

I have purchased the right to sell and manufacture this fence in Yolo County. Samples may be seen at my shop in Davisville, and at JACKSON'S PLANING MILL, Woodland.

This fence is made of various heights, and suitable for any kind of stock, and light or heavy, as desired. It is easy to move, stands firm, and does not blow over. The price will compare favorably with that of any other portable fence manufactured.

For particulars, call on or address

W. H. HAMPTON,

au24-1m DAVISVILLE, CAL.

GOLDEN STATE

Boot and Shoe

STORE!

This well-known establishment,

A. J. DANIS, Prop'r,

Has become the favorite emporium for Gents' Ladies' and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Newest Stock, Largest Assortment, and THE CHEAPEST IN THE CITY.

☞ Do not fail to call and examine our Stock and learn Prices.

Store, N. W. Cor. 6th and J sts.,

SACRAMENTO. se7-3m

E. BYNUM & CO.,

Druggists.

DEALERS IN DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,

WINDOW GLASS, Etc.

COR. COLLEGE BLOCK & RAILROAD ST.

au17-3m

RICHARD SCHNEIDER,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN,

Guitar and Vocal Music.

☞ Agent for Steinway & Sons, Decker Bros. and Emerson Pianos, Mason & Hamlin's and X. Spang's Organs.

A Selected Stock of Sheet Music,

Instruction Books, Music Folios, Best Strings, Guitars, etc., always on hand at San Francisco prices.

MASONIC BLOCK, WOODLAND, CAL.

se1-3m

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST!

W. REED,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

117 J STREET, SACRAMENTO.

EVERY STYLE OF PICTURE

Known to the Photographic Art

Executed in a Superior Manner

And at Satisfactory Prices!

CABINET CARDS, - - - $4 per doz.
CARTES DE VISITE, - - - $2 per doz.

se7-3m

NEW MEAT MARKET!

The undersigned, having purchased the New Meat Market heretofore conducted by WELCH & MARDERS, a few doors West of the Postoffice, respectfully solicit the patronage of the public. We are both practical men in the business, and shall at all times keep on hand the best qualities of

Fresh and Salt Meats!

With which to supply our customers. Satisfaction guaranteed to all who favor us with their trade in our line.

se7-3m STEINMITZ & LEINBERGER.

AB. BROWNELL. R. B. STEWART.

STEWART & BROWNELL,

CHOICE WINES, ETC.,

213 Montgomery st., Russ House,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Will be pleased to see any of our friends from Yolo when they visit the city.

je22-6m

W. R. HINKSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Fifth street, bet. I and J, Sacramento. In Office with Armstrong & Hinkson. no9

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office, corner College and Main streets, Woodland. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M., unless professionally engaged. no2-3m

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ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

WOODLAND, CAL.,

Will practice in the District and Supreme Courts. oc26-3m

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Notary Public and Real Estate Agent, Woodland, Cal. Ranches and Town Property for sale. oc26-3m

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW & NOTARY PUBLIC,

Office with J. C. Ball, Freeman's Building, Woodland. oc20-3m

LEWIS RAMAGE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office over Sacramento Savings Bank, Sacramento City. oc5-3m

W. C. WILSON,

DENTIST,

Office at American Exchange Hotel, Woodland. oc5-3m

DR. HENRY M. KIER,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHER

OFFICE—With J. W. Snowball, Main Street, Knight's Landing, Cal. se21-3m

J. C. BALL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY,

OFFICE—Over Freeman's Store, Cor. First and Main street, Woodland, Cal. se14-3m

DR. A. B. MERRITT,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Of 40 years practice, offers his professional services to the Citizens of Woodland and vicinity. Special attention paid to Chronic Diseases and Female Complaints. Orders left at Simpson's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. se7-3m

M. GARDNER, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal; is permanently located at Davisville, Cal., and will respond to calls promptly. se7

DR. E. A. GORDON,

KNIGHTS LANDING,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of that vicinity. Orders left at W. A. Sublett's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. se7-3m

ARMSTRONG & HINKSON,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Office, Fifth street, between I and J, ad. Joining Sacramento Savings Bank,

se7] SACRAMENTO. [3m

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE—Over Bank of Woodland, corner of Main and First streets.

RESIDENCE—Second street, between Lincoln and Oak avenues. se7-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal. Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office, corner of Main and College sts., opposite Bynum & Co's drug store; residence third house south of office. se5-3m

F. E. BAKER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT-LAW,

Office at Court House, Woodland. se7-3m

PRATHER & HOLMES,

DENTISTS,

☞ Nitrous Oxid (Laughing Gas) administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth. Bank Building, corner Main and First streets, Woodland. sel

DR. A. FOUCH,

PHYSICIAN AND OBSTETRICIAN,

Is now permanently located in Antelope. All calls will receive prompt attention. sel

DR. E. L. FARRAMORE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located in Woodland. Calls promptly attended in town and country at all hours. Orders may be left at Simpson's Drug Store. Office opposite Postoffice au24

M. A. NURSE,

COUNTY SURVEYOR OF YOLO COUNTY,

Is prepared to do surveying in any part of the county, aided by an efficient Deputy and Assistants. Office in the Court House. au24-3m

C. H. GAROUTTE. W. B. TREADWELL.

TREADWELL & GAROUTTE,

SEARCHERS OF RECORDS

AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

Special attention paid to business in the Probate Court. au24-3m

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Graduate of the McGill University, Montreal, and Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario, Canada. Permanently located at Cacheville, Yolo County, Cal. au24-3m

CREED HAYMOND. PASCHAL H. COGGINS.

HAYMOND & COGGINS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,

Office over Gillig, Mott & Co's, No. 52 J street, Sacramento. Residence, Golden Eagle Hotel. au17-3m

BANK OF WOODLAND.

WOODLAND, CAL.

Capital Stock $500.000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....PRESIDENT.
F. S. FREEMAN...VICE PRESIDENT.
C. W. BUSH.....CASHIER.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral security.

Discount days, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Exchange Furnished on Sacramento, San Francisco, and Eastern and European Cities.

Collections promptly attended to at all available points.

☞ County Warrants purchased, and Greenbacks and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold. Papers, and all kinds of valuables, securely kept, free of charge.

Also, Three Ranches and Three Town Lots in Woodland for sale at reasonable rates. sel

PURE Lard Oil Chinese Nut Oil, Castor Oil, At E. BYNUM & CO'S.

LEADING PAPERS ON THE RESULT

The New York "Sun."

The New York *Sun* says, "the blow dealt at the corrupt party in power by an indignant people is as stunning to the Republicans as it is gratifying to every honest man in the Union. As becomes her prestige and position, New York leads the way."

"It is impossible to over estimate the beneficial results which are to flow from this triumph. We shall have peace in the South and harmony between the North and the South. We shall have no more of the intervention of the bayonet in elections. The outrage mill will cease to grind out its products of lies on the eve of every important campaign. The freedmen will pursue the even tenor of their way, cast their ballots as they please, and learn at the end that the colored man is not to be the serf of unprincipled politicians who have heretofore used him to foist white negroes into places of power, where they could plunder and oppress the people. This victory is the final overthrow of Grantism. It is the end of grant himself. It puts the finishing touch on Hayes, who tried to slip into his shoes."

The New York "Herald."

NEW YORK, Nov. 8th.—The *Herald*, conceding the victory to the Democrats congratulates President Tilden and the country upon the result and says: "While we must regret the defeat of the great party which carried the country through the war, which freed the slaves, and which paid a large share of the debt, the election yesterday shows that the American people are not slaves to any party; that they will not let pass services condone what they believe to be injurious or improper policy; that they are truly independent and able to cast off at their own will even a party so strongly fortified in its position by the alliance of 100,000 office-holders and its ability to command an almost unlimited campaign fund. The result of the election proves the existence in our country of a mass of independent voters of men who are capable of deliberating intelligently on the condition of public affairs and recording their votes as sensible citizens upon the merits of the two parties. That these independent voters exist among us in numbers to realy control the elections, and thus to shape the policy of the country, to punish wrong doing by party leaders and to bring new men into power whenever they choose no matter what efforts machine politicians may make, is surely the best guarantee we Americans can have of the perpetuity of our system of government and the strongest assurances we can show to European observers that constitutional liberty will be maintained here. The Democrats come into office under peculiar circumstances. Though they have gained the election, they are not generally trusted by the country which will watch them with jealous eyes. They cannot reasonably expect to be forgiven much. The country will not be blind to their faults, and little blind to their virtues. On the contrary it will scrutinize very sharply every act of theirs and hold them to rigid accountability and it will sweep them out of existence four years hence, if they are discovered trifling with any public credit, security of blacks in the South or the national debt. If they are statesmen they may rule; if they are not they will be set aside. If any one is to blunder, the American people just now prefer to let the Republican party to do it. We say these things with the utmost good-will to the victorious party. It has some notions which people no longer believe in, and which it will be wise to drop. The war settled many things which it will be necessary for the Democrats to accept and accustom themselves to, now that they have obtained a loan of power.

The New York "Tribune."

NEW YORK, Nov. 8—A.M.—The *Tribune* says: "Tilden and Hendricks are undoubtedly elected by a fair majority of the Electoral College. They have probably carried the solid South, with the possible exception of South Carolina and Louisiana; have carried New York by from 25,000 to 30,000 majority, and Connecticut by about 1,500. They have carried Indiana by 10,000 majority. The total vote in the Electoral College is likely to exceed 200. Hayes and Wheeler have carried all the New England States except Connecticut and Pennsylvania, and all the Western States except Missouri. Their vote in the Elecroral College will not fall much below 150. The Republicans retain control of the United States Senate, but their majority, which is now 15, will be certainly reduced to 10, and possibly to 6. The House of Representatives is in doubt. The news thus far received makes it apparently Democratic by 18 majority, but the returns are so incomplete that later information may increase this or give it to the Republicans by a very small majority. In Massachusetts Adams has run behind Tilden a little, and Rice is elected Governor by a vote slightly below that of Hayes. In New York, the Congressional delegation is substantially unchanged, with possible Republican gains of one or two. Returns from South Carolina, Louisiana and Wisconsin are inconclusive, and no news whatever has been received from the Pacific States."

The *Tribune* editorially says:

The hopeful aspect of Tilden's election lies in the possibility that all our fears were groundless, our suspicions and our doubts, to say the least, unjust. There is no need now to go over the record and recount our reasons for distrust. That argument is closed, and a decision averse to our hopes has been given by the majority. Our hopes now must be that Tilden was sincere when he professed to be in favor of genuine administration reform and sound currency, and opposed to the payment of the Confederate war claims; that he will have the courage of his convictions, and the stubbornness of will and purpose to insist upon what he has professed to believe in, and sufficient backing in his party to be able to carry out his views. We have opposed him partly because of natural doubts of his sincerity, inspired by his record as a party manager and a public man, more because of doubts of his actual ability to resist the will and overcome the spirit and purpose of the party behind him. Now that he is elected, it is only fair that we lay aside any pride of opinion that we may have; that we indulge in no spirit of factious opposition, and hope that he will do and be all that he has promised and professed, and disappoint those who have doubted rather than those who have trusted him. Laying aside the manifold reasons for doubting his earnestness as a reformer and his ability to enforce reforms, we may content ourselves with remembering that there are some things in connection with his public service as Governor which do not leave us without a hope of some good from his administration, and we may also find encouragement in the reflection that he has every incentive of personal ambition to administer the Government in the interest of the whole people and not of his party, and so crown his public career, which, according to his own letter of acceptance, must culminate in a single Presidential term, with such great and distinguished service as shall round out his life and complete his fame. It is not a secret that among the best minds of the Democratic party the hope is harbored that the administration of President Tilden will be such a disappointment to office-seekers and plunderers who are expecting so much from us that the party will be divided and broken up within a year. We have not been credulous of such a result, but there is a probability of it. Should it happen, the new administration will need and it will receive the hearty support and sympathy of thousands who did not give Tilden their votes. However that may be, there is but one plain duty for to-day—that is, to recognize the will of the majority, and until the newly elected President has done something to forbid, to give him, if not our entire confidence, at least our heartiest hope that he will have the courage and the will to be true to his own professions, to himself and to the country, and give us a wise and honest administration.

The New York "Times."

The New York *Times*, which, during the campaign just closed, has won for itself the enviable distinction of being the meanest journalistic villifier and slanderer of Mr. Tilden of any of the brood of jackals that have barked at his heels, now in the chagrin of defeat, turns upon the dogs in its own kennel and rends them limb from limb. In its shame and mortification the *Times* gives these apostles of freedom this savage thrust:

"Had the power heretofore intrusted to the Republican party been wisely used, had its exercise been uniformly delegated to honest and able men, neither the shotgun policy, nor the corruption of the franchise could have reduced the party to the narrow history of Tuesday. The lesson of the election will be thrown away if it be not accepted in part, at least, as a rebuke to the selfishness and greed which have been allowed to disgrace the Republican name, and if it be not used as a means of purifying the party from the influences which have tarnished its record and blurred its public memory."

Cincinnatti Newspapers.

CINCINNATTI Nov. 8th.—The *Commercial* says: "In the event of Tilden's election the country would do well to keep in memory his many fair promises, and help him in the way of economy and reform to approve all performances which he so eloquently professed."

Nearly the entire front page of the *Enquirer* is occupied with a picture of a Democratic rooster rampant. Editorially it says: "This is the result of the continual struggle of the people to perpetuate the government of the people. It is a triumph, not of man, but of Democracy. It is determined that the people of the United States will not tolerate the idea that military power is superior to civil. Public economy is endorsed, high protective taraff denounced, everlasting hatred branded. Now let us take care of the country properly."

Chicago Papers.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8th.—The *Times* accepts, as an established fact, that Tilden is elected, and does not even consider seriously the question of the electoral votes, or entertain the idea of the defeat of Tilden, and confines its editorials to an examination of Tilden's future course as President.

The *Inter-Ocean* is quite hopeful of success and bases its confidence on the figures already familiar to the whole country.

What London Journals Say.

One of the statements most frequently made, during the latter part of the political campaign just closed, designed to injure the Democratic nominees in public estimation, was that the election of Mr. Tilden would depreciate the value of American securities in the money markets of the world. Democratic journals, and orators, strenuously denied the truth of this Radical assertion and now to show that they were justified in doing so, we reproduce what the leading London journals say on the subject. A telegraphic dispatch dated London, Nov. 8th, states:

The *Daily News* this morning discussing the Presidential election says:

The result cannot surprise any attentive observer of American politics. It cannot cause the reversal of legislation of the years immediately succeeding the war. It is a change of men rather than measures.

The *News* says there is no injury to American credit, and regards the payment of the National debt in specie as safe, whichever party may be in power It bases its general favorable anticipations in a great measure on personal antecedents, and the moderation of Tilden who is likely to exercise a restraining influence upon the extreme section of the party. It does not as yet see any indication that the election effects the question of protective legislation; and the questions relative to South Carolina have been the deciding forces, the *News* thinks, rather than the currency, or free trade problems.

The *Standard* also regards Tilden's antecedents as furnishing a good guarantee of honesty and moderation of his Administration, and security against inflationism.

The *Standard* congratulates the Americans on the law-abiding spirit displayed throughout the country, and says the result of the election is scarcely a greater cause of congratulation, than the fact that so great a contest for such a high public station should have passed without violation and bloodshed, when riots in a few places might have turned the scale by intimidating voters.

The *Times* elaborately reviews the difficulties which Mr. Tilden will have to encounter in consequence of conflicting majorities in the Senate and House of Representatives, and also because of claims of various sections of the Democrats for official patronage.

The *Times* considers Governor Tilden's antecedents a guarantee against his yielding to a pressure of Southern Democrats in favor of reactionary measures, and that there is no danger of his assenting to measures of inflation or repudiation. He moreover is too sagatcous to modify his foreign policy for the contentment of Irish Democrats. There is no ground, whether from a financial or political point of view, for denying him the confidence of Englishmen. We are bound to respect the clearly pronounced will of the American people, and we cannot consider it an unmixed misfortune for Republicans that they are temporarily compelled to breathe the bracing air of opposition.

Alexander H. Stephens.

A VISIT TO HIS HOME.

We spent some time this week with Hon. A. H. Stephens, at Liberty Hall. The old statesman has quite recovered his ordinary state of health, and looks as well as we have seen him during the last five years. He has an excellent appetite, enjoys the bountiful repasts of his home table, and is never so well pleased as when old and new friends partake of his good cheer. His removal from a dismal and ill-ventilated room, or rather den, to cheerful and comfortable apartments in the renovated main building has been attended with the best results. The change was made at the suggestion of a lady, the wife of one of his oldest and most distinguished friends. She certainly did as much for his physical well-being as did any of the doctors. So well, indeed, is Mr. Stephens, that General Toombs, who tarried between trains while we were there, and is in robust condition, declared emphatically that he had "named Aleck as his executor." The General was in one of his best moods, and became so absorbed in the discussion of local and Federal politics that he had to make an expeditious bolt for the depot, forgetful of his stout cane, but faithfully intent upon meeting legal engagements. He caught the train by a second, but was not any the better for an unaccustomed race down one hill and up another.

While at Liberty Hall, we took advantage of a bright day and visited the old homestead and plantation of Mr. Stephens' forefathers. The house in which Mr. Stephens was born no longer exists. The family graveyard is well preserved. It was in the garden. The first who "fell upon sleep" were two children who died the same day, and were buried in the same grave. At the date of their death two small cedars were planted alongside of them, and these have now grown into a pair of mighty trees. Mr. Stephens' father, his mother and stepmother repose side by side. An elder brother, Aaron, is also buried here, and two or three other members of the family. With filial reverence Mr. Stephens has inclosed this burial ground with a solid stone wall, and appropriately marked the graves. Just within a stone's throw of where the house stood, in the valley, is a cold, spring, of crystalline water. On the rocks around it, Mr. Stephens, in 1831, carved his initials, and they remain undefaced to this day. His brother Aaron also cut his initials in another stone, but not a trace of them remained twenty years ago. This would seem to have typified their different careers. The brother died young and left no mark on the world. The grand old statesman of Liberty Hall survived to make a pure and lasting impress upon his generation, and many more to come.

In a thicket, about one hundred yards from the spring, and on a gentle acclivity, is the grave of Mr. Stephens' grandfather, who was a native of England, a settler of Pennsylvania, and afterward one of the earliest colonists of Georgia. He was a captain in the revolutionary War, and upon his tombstone the great commoner has recorded that his ancestor fought for local self-government and the sovereignty of the States—a doctrine of which the sage of Liberty Hall has been one of the most illustrious champions in the forum of his country.

Mr. Stephens' intellect beams with all the brightness of youth; it is the one imperishable and undecayed power of his mortal frame. That it may continue to be upborne, for a long time yet, by his feeble but intense physical organization, is the prayer of thousands who reverence him as a veritable apostle of constitutional liberty, and upon whose teachings hang the hopes of "millions yet to be."—*Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist.*

SIX WEEKS OF PEACE.—LONDON, Nov. 2.—The armistice for six weeks, which Russia demanded, has been granted by Turkey. Russia required that it should be signed within forty-eight hours or negotiations were to be broken off. The Porte consented to grant it upon a formal assurance that Servia would accept it. Servia accepted, and the armistice was signed yesterday evening.

The Servian Government has instructed General Tchernayeff to send a flag of truce to Abdul Kerim, the Turkish Commander-in-Chief, to inquire whether he has been notified of the conclusion of an armistice.

The London *Globe* this afternoon announces that it understands the Foreign Office has received information that an armistice was signed yesterday.

The Roumanian Senate and Chambe of Deputies assembled in extraordinary session to-day. The reigning Prince opened the session with a remarkably pacific speech, in the course of which he said: "We receive from the guaranteeing powers every inducement to retain neutrality. We are fully convinced that tranquility will be restored in the immediate future."

The Decazes has declared officially before the Budget Committee that the French Government intends to maintain absolute neutrality in the event of complications in the East.

An official telegram received at St. Petersburg from General Ignatieff announces that the Porte has accepted a two months' armistice, beginning Nov. 1st, and has ordered the immediate cessation of hostilities.

It is officially announced at Belgrade that both armies will retain the positions they now hold.

Alleged Frauds.

The Board of Supervisors claim they have reason to believe that extensive frauds were perpetrated in this city at the late election. To solve the question, the Finance Committee of the Board demanded of the County Clerk possession of the books and ballots, with a view to an examination. The County Clerk refused to give the books up; but the object of the Committee was gained substantially by placing them under the joint guardianship of the County Clerk and the United States Marshal.

Leaving out of the question at present all consideration of the means adopted by the Board of Supervisors to correct supposed frauds, we glance a moment to County Clerk Reynolds' admission that false registrations were unquestionably made, and that he could not help it. If this is true, to any considerable extent, the law is at fault, and should be amended. The object of registry is to protect the purity of the ballot-box. If our present registry laws do not accomplish this, or enable the law officers to do so, they should be revised. As the business of registration was conducted a few days before the election, registry was little better than a farce. All any ordinarily respectable man had to do was to make application, answer three or four questions, hold up his hand while some person across the counter recited hastily a few words difficult to understand, and he was given a paper which enabled him to vote. The applicant was not required to come with a witness, to give reference to responsible parties, to do anything, in short, but present himself at the counter and subscribe in his own name, or one assumed for the moment, and he became a voter. Now we submit that this is not the proper way to attend to business of so important a character as that of making voters. No lack of clerical force is an excuse for the adoption of a process by which adult males were turned into citizens by wholesale. We would not have the humblest citizen deprived of his right to vote, nor would we permit that right to be made valueless by the facility with which it may be fraudulently assumed. We do not understand this to be in any sense a party question. The Republicans carried the city, and are content; the Democrats failed to carry it, and naturally look about for some reason for their defeat. Under the circumstances which prevailed at registration, the Republicans would very probably have set some investigation on foot if they had been unexpectedly beaten. But both parties are interested in preserving the purity of the ballot-box. The success of this or that party is of little importance compared with the success of the party that commands the larger number of honest votes. It is not apparent that one party gained more than another by the system of registration pursued. The party that loses naturally supposes that all the frauds were perpetrated at its expense, but the assumption does not necessarily follow. We trust that the present flurry will result in greater precaution in the future.—*S. F. Call, Nov. 11.*

MORE PROBABLE FRAUDS.

It is very evident that Radical frauds may have been practiced elsewhere than in San Francisco, when an examination of the vote at the late election is made. As an instance, we cite the wonderful and unwarranted increase, on any fair grounds, of the vote in the intensely Radical county of Alameda. In the warmly contested election of last year, when Democrats, Radicals and "Dolly Vardens" were all aroused to the highest pitch of excitement, in behalf of their respective candidates for Governor, the entire vote of the county over the bay amounted to 5,376, when the Radical majority reached only to 413 votes. This year we behold the extraordinary increase of 2,960 votes, making a total of 8,339, clearly evincing to the unprejudiced observer that there is "something rotten" in Alameda, which should be legally fumigated.—*Examiner.*

BETTING ON ELECTIONS.—It is perhaps rather late in the day after election to call attention to such a subject, but it is nevertheless a fact which our City and District Attorneys appear to have overlooked, that the laws of this State make betting upon elections a misdemeanor. Considering that such a law exists and is in full force, it is somewhat surprising that pool selling should have been permitted openly in this and other cities, and that betting should have been as general as though nobody had ever heard of a legal prohibition of it. This statute, moreover, is one of those which should not be allowed to become a dead letter, for it is based upon a very sound and philosophic principle, to wit: that all gambling upon the results of pending elections operates, either directly or indirectly, as an encouragement to fraud and an incentive to venality. When betting is high and the practice very prevalent, it is even conceivable that the result of an election might be decided by it, and thus polities would be converted into mere gambling, to the manifest injury of the community. We confess that we should like to hear, from the officials charged with the prosecution of lawbreakers, how it is that they have taken no steps to suppress this open and flagrant violation of a statue enactment.—*Record-Union.*

WHERE THE SUN DOES NOT SET.—A scene witnessed by some travelers in the north of Norway, from a cliff elevated a thousand feet above the sea, is thus described: "At our feet the ocean stretched away in silent vastness; the sound of its waves not reaching our lookout; away in the north the huge old sun swung low along the horizon like the slow beat of the pendulum in the tall clock of our grandfather's parlor corner. We all stood silent looking at our watches. When both hands came together at 12 midnight, the full round orb hung triumphantly over the waves, a bridge of gold running due north, spanning the water between us and him. There he shone in silent majesty which new no setting. We involuntarily took off our hats; no word was said. Combine, if you can, the most brilliant sunrise and sunset you ever saw and their beauties will pale before the gorgeous coloring which now lighted up the ocean, heaven and mountain. In half an hour the sun had swung perceptibly on his beat, the colors turning to that of morning, a fresh breeze rippled over the flood, one songster after another piped up in the grove behind us—we had slid into another day."

The Yolo Democrat,

With a Weekly Supplement.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF YOLO COUNTY.

WOODLAND, CAL.

Thursday, Nov. 16th, 1876.

Tilden Elected---Republicans Now Refuse to Concede It.

The figures as to the result of the Presidential election stand just as they did at the date of our last issue. Tilden has 184 votes undisputed, with Oregon, South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana not officially decided. It would be useless to attempt to give all the dispatches, they are too voluminous, and too conflicting to enable the reader to arrive at a satisfactory conclusion as to what the result will be. The following dispatches will give a general idea of the situation:

Florida.

SAVANNAH, November 13th.—A special to the *Morning News* from Lake City, Florida, says: Returns are in from all but four counties, and basing these counties upon the Democratic majority of 1874, gives the State to the Democrats by 800 majority. All the Democratic counties show a heavy increase, and the majority will be, at a safe estimate, from 1,200 to 1,500 Democratic. Tilden will not fall three hundred below the State ticket.

South Carolina.

NEW YORK Nov. 14th.—To-day's New York *World* claims Tilden's election. Its strongest telegrams are special from Columbia, saying that Hampton declares he has received a report from the party managers of the election in every precinct in the State, and he is certain of his election by 1,400 majority. He is equally certain, that except for Republican frauds, he would have had at least 10,000 majority; that he can prove many instances of repeating, illegal conduct of managers and ballot-box stuffing. He knows but little, he says, concerning the Presidential result, but does not concede the State to Hayes.

Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, November 14.—Doolittle and Trumbull think the situation very grave, if the result depends upon the States for some years under military rule. Curtin thinks the preparations made for the emergency entirely too extensive and methodical to be the result of mere accident. He thinks the State is Democratic by 8,000, and is at a loss to know how or why it is disputed.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The *Herald* says the political situation is substantially unchanged. The election in the three disputed States is still claimed by both parties, and it is plain that only an official canvass by the Returning Boards can decide.

THE LATEST NEWS.

[Associated Press Dispatches.]

New York, November 15.—The *Herald's* special from Tallahasse says that it is considered to be settled that the full official returns of the County Canvassing Boards will give the State to Drew by more than 900 and to Tilden by more than 500 majority. These majorities will be attacked before the State Canvassing Board and the Republicans are confident that they can throw out several precincts. The Democrats are equally confident that they can successfully defend every return. The County Boards have, with hardly any exception, canvassed the vote and referred all matters of contest to the State Board.

WASHINGTON, November 15.—Dispatches from Columbia, named several Republicans who openly admit that returns as received, and without eliminating those claimed as fraudulent, elect Hampton Governor. The same returns give Hayes a small majority.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Ex-Senator Gwin of California, talking with a *Tribune* interviewer, said the Presidential election is now a question for lawyers. He is confident that Tilden has been fairly elected but expects to see Hayes counted in by the Returning Boards. He thought that if Hayes took the Presidential chair with a tint of fraud it would work immense injury to the country and effectually wreck the Republican party. There was a possibility of the whole matter being referred to Congress, in which event the country might have a Democratic President and a Republican Vice-President.

Tilden has 184 electoral votes already secured, and needs but one more to give him the required majority of all the 369 composing the electoral college. Oregon has 3, South Carolina 7, Florida 4, and Louisiana 8. With the above showing, what chance can there be for failure? We cannot see any, unless fraud or force, or both, are resorted to. On the other hand, Hayes must have every one of the 22 votes of the four undecided States to give him enough to elect.

WIGGINGTON.—The figures given by the San Francisco *Bulletin* elect Wigington, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Fourth District, by a majority of 75.

LUTTRELL.—Congressman Luttrell is reelected in this district in spite of the herculean efforts made by the Radicals to defeat him. The latest returns indicate that his majority in the district will not be less than four hundred.

MAJORITIES IN YOLO COUNTY.—It will be seen by the table of official returns of the vote of Yolo county in another column that all the Democratic candidates ran ahead except Supervisors. Following are the majorities: Electors, 127; Controller, 127; Congressman, 110; Supervisors.—3d District, 42; 5th, 62.

BEATEN AT HOME.—While Mr. Tilden received a majority of thirty thousand and Mr. Hendricks of some ten thousand in their respective States, Mr. Hayes ran very low with his own people, securing the great State of Ohio by only about 7,000 majority, and Weecler, in New York, was beaten almost out of his boots.

Louisiana.

The President of the Republican party, U. S. Grant, whom we have no doubt is conniving with other Radical politicians to defeat the will of the people of Louisiana as expressed at the ballot-box on election day in voting for Presidential candidates, the other day appointed a number of Northern Republicans to visit New Orleans and be present at the counting of the votes of that State by the Returning Board, *so as to see that the canvass is honestly conducted!* If Grant were an honest, impartial man and the President of the *whole people*, he would have appointed prominent men of both parties, if any. In view of his partial course in this respect, we publish the following from the *Call* of yesterday, which explains itself:

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 14.—To Hon. Stanley Matthews, James Garfield, John A. Logan, William D. Kelly, John J. Kasson, John H. Shoenburg, Wm. M. Evarts, E. W. Stroughton, John A. Dix, and others:—The undersigned arrived here yesterday. They came in answer to a telegram from Hon. Abraham S. Hewitt, Chairman of the National Democratic Committee, dated at New York, Nov. 10th, 1876, as follows: "The citizens of New Orleans urgently request that a delegation of prominent gentlemen come there at once, to counsel peace and fair and honest returns. You are earnestly requested to be one of ten or fifteen gentlemen, all widely known, to meet at Louisville, at the Galt House, Saturday evening, proceeding directly south, or if more convenient, meeting at the St. Charles Hotel New Orleans, Monday morning. Your prompt acceptance by telegraph is requested. This emergency appeals to your patriotism." The undersigned are informed that you have come here at the request of the President of the United States, to see that the Board of Canvassers make a fair count of the vote actually cast. While in the late canvass you gave your support to Hayes and Wheeler as candidates for President and Vice-President, and the undersigned gave their support to Tilden and Hendricks for those offices, they feel assured that all good citizens of all parties regard an honest count and true returns of the vote actually cast of greater moment than the success of any candidate for office, and are ready to do all that honorable men should do to secure such return of the vote cast at the late election in Louisiana, which assumes more than before a national importance, and upon which, in this crisis, may depend the very existence of the Constitutional Government. The undersigned, therefore, in view of the unhappy controversies which have heretofore arisen from the action of the Returning Board of the State, where its action could not in any event change the result of a Presidential election, and in view of the desire of all good men that effect should be given to the will of the majority as lawfully expressed, respectfully ask you, or such of you as are present, to meet and confer with them personally, or through committees, as may be decided most wise, that such influence as we may possess may be exerted in behalf of such a canvass of the vote actually cast as by its fairness and impartiality shall command the respect and acquiescence of the American people of all parties. Yours respectfully,

Signed by John M Palmer, Lyman Trumbull, Wm R Morrison, Samuel J Randall, A J Curtin, Wm Bigler, J E McDonald, J R Doolittle, Geo B Smith, George Julian, M D Manson, John Love, Q Y Watterson, J W Stevenson, H D McHinney, Oswald, Otterdofer, J B Stalls, Lewis V Bogy, James O Broadhead, C Gibson, John Lee, Carroll Williams, F Hamilton, W Summer.

TRANSPORTATION COMMISSIONERS.—We have received the following circular from the Board of Transportation Commissioners, which explains itself:

State of California, office of the Board of Transportation Commissioners, Sacramento, October, 1876.

Among the principal objects proposed by the Legislature in creating the Board of Transportation Commissioners is the compilation of facts and statistics connected with the building and operation of railroads in this State, and also the investigation of their management, especially as it affects the interests of their patrons and the public generally.

It is believed that an impartial investigation of this subject will result in substantial advantage to all concerned, and to this end this Board desires to receive information and suggestions and statements from all who are interested.

As your position has probably led you to give more than usual attention to the subject, there may be matters to which, in your opinion, the attention of the Board should be called, in which event it is requested that you will communicate them to this Board in writing. By order of the Board,

WALTER M. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

A NEW AND VALUABLE BOOK.—Mr. B. Y. Mason, agent for Heron & Co., Chicago, Ill., is about to canvass this county for a valuable work entitled the "Polar and Tropical Worlds," embracing the result of all explorations in the Arctic regions for the last one hundred years; together with the wonderful discoveries and adventures of Orton, Squier, Agassiz, Darwin, Speake, Baker, Wallace, Du Chaillu, Livingston and all other explorers in every part of the tropical world. This work will certainly prove interesting and instructive to all classes of people, and we hope it may take the place in many families of so much light, trashy reading, which is introduced through the country. It is edited by the eminent Dr. G. Hartwig, one of the finest writers and best compilers of the age. Quite a number of our citizens have already subscribed for the book. None will regret having done so when they come to read it. It is full of thrilling adventures of actual occurrence, which makes it extremely interesting to the reader.

SUSPENSE.—Everything indicates that it will be several days before the result of the canvass will be known in the three undecided Southern States. If an honest count can be had the people can afford to wait. Grant has sent troops there *to maintain order*, and if they are successful in this and in insuring honest returns of the votes cast, Mr. Tilden and his supporters will be sure of victory.

VOTE OF YOLO CO., NOV. 7, 1876.

[OFFICIAL.]

Abstract of statement of the vote of Yolo County, California, polled at the Election held November 7th, A.D. 1876, relating to the vote given for persons for Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States. (Political Code, Secs. 1308 and 1309.)

ELECTION PRECINCTS.	John F. Miller.	J. H. Jewett.	D. A. McKinley.	Morris M. Estee.	John R. Folsom.	J. J. Storder.	H. C. Storb.	John S. Hager.	Stuart M. Taylor.	Joseph H. Budd.	Barclay Henley.	Frank Gaunbl.	W. H. C. Brown.	D. M. Kenfield.	Jos. McKenna.	J. K. Luttrell.	A. C. Smith, Sup'r 3d District.	J. Bryne, Sup'r 3d District.	S. N. Mering, Sup'r 5th Dist.	Jas. McHenry, Sup'r 5th Dist.
Totals	1333	1333	1333	1333	1333	1331	1331	1330	1330	1330	1330	1330	1330	1329	1329	1329	1245	1245	1245	1245
Woodland	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97
North Woodland	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62
Merritt	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111
Buckeye	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
Putah	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
Cottonwood	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	181
Quicksilver	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
Fairview	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
West Cottonwood	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
East Cottonwood	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
East Grafton	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
North Grafton	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69
West Grafton	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo, } ss.

I, D. M. BURNS, County Clerk of said County, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a full, true and correct abstract of the statement of the vote of said County polled at the Election held November 7th, A.D. 1876, so far as the same relates to the vote given for persons for Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, Congressmen, Controller and Supervisors, as said statement appears entered in the records of the proceedings of the Board of Supervisors of said County, now in my custody.

Witness my hand and Official Seal, this Thirteenth day of November, A.D 1876.

D. M. BURNS, Clerk.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.—Board met November 13th, all members present.

In pursuance of law, Supervisor Megowan took his seat as President of the Board.

The election returns were canvassed and S. N. Mering declared elected as Supervisor from the Fifth Supervisor District and J. C. Smith from the Third District.

November 15th.—Hoppin's Road—Hearing of report of viewers continued till Dec. 12th, at 1 P.M.

Deed for right of way across English cut received and the contractors directed to proceed with the work of grading.

Geo. Loney was allowed $147.07 to assist him in returning to the Atlantic States.

Petition to put in culvert in street in Washington, granted.

Grading of Road from Woodland to Coil's, referred to Supervisor Harlan.

On motion, the Controller is requested to issue to Wm. Saunders a warrant for the amount of his bill for printing Swamp Land Lists.

Board adjourned.

NEW VOLUME.—With this issue commences the tenth volume of the DEMOCRAT—an auspicious time certainly, just after Tilden's election by so overwhelming a majority of the popular vote. Such occasions are usually availed of to send out polite duns to patrons in arears. This we do not propose to do. If any of our patrons who are in arears on our books feel like paying up, the "change" will be thankfully received. We hope our paper has been a welcome weekly visitor in the past and shall use our best endeavors to make it more acceptable in the future.

VIOLATED LAW.—All over the country there appears to have been a great deal of betting on the result of the late elections. Not only have "sporting men" and other private citizens of all parties engaged in it, but officers of the law have allowed themselves to become open and defiant violators of law in this respect. If the administrator of the law does not respect it, how can the people be expected to? It is wrong and punishable for any one to violate a statutory provision, but more especially so in a public official.

THE POPULAR MAJORITY.—Tilden and Hendricks we believe have not only been accorded by the people a fair majority of the electoral votes of the country for President and Vice-President of the United States, but they have received a popular majority of at least five hundred thousand votes. Yet the Republican managers are trying to make it appear that they have not been elected.

THE WAR CLOUD.—Latest European advices indicate renewed hostilities on the expiration of the armistice. The Russian Bear is growling.

SNAKY.—A peculiar trait of these creatures (rattlesnakes) is to come out of their dens and roll themselves into a huge, tangled, knotted ball, as large as a stove or a barrel, and to make the whole air as fragrant as rattlesnakes can. On Rattlesnake Hill, four miles above the Confidence mine, Tuolumne county, there is a den where 300 reptiles were killed in one day by two men, and 90 another day by one man, where these huge rolls of snakes have been seen. In the early part of this month a company left Confidence to hunt game at Rattlesnake Hill. Under a granite rock, forty feet square on top and ten feet thick, where the snakes hold council and perform the multiplication table, they put twenty-five pounds of giant powder and blew the rock into smithereens. Pieces as big as a ton flew 100 feet high. The ruins of a few snakes were found ejected from the mass within to tell of the effective work.—*Tuolumne Independent.*

Obituary.

Died, October 18th, 1876, at the residence of his brother, J. G. Winter, in Pleasant Prairie Township, Yolo County, Cal., after an illness of about 10 days, caused by typhoid-pneumonia, Franklin P. Winter, aged 23 years 9 months and 18 days.

Deceased leaves behind him a wife to whom he had been married but three months, to mourn his loss. Having fixed her heart's best affections upon the idol of her choice, it is hard indeed for her to be reconciled to Heaven's mandate. Great as is her grief, it must have been almost, if not equally as severe a sorrow, to the faithful brother and sister who but ten months previous welcomed him to this far off Western State—his adopted home. The subject of this notice was a promising young man, whose aged father still lives and resides in Montgomery County, Missouri, but whose sainted mother resides, we have reason to believe, in the Paradise of her God, having gone there twenty years before the death of her son. The youthful widow leaves this week on her return East to rejoin her parents in the county and State above named. May the favor and blessings of Heaven rest upon her future destiny—then, though her heart may in hours of pensive sadness turn to the land of the setting sun, *that* which is greater than her heart will point her to the Sun of Righteousness as her ever-rising Light and ever present comfort. It may be a source of some consolation to the grief-stricken father and friends to know that the funeral of deceased was preached by a minister of the Baptist Church, after which his remains were deposited in the Woodland Cemetery of this county. J. T. P.

MARRIED.

November 15th, at the residence of the bride's mother, in Woodland, by Elder J. N. Pendegast, Mr. B. H. Roseberry and Miss Mary High.

We were compelled for various reasons to decline an invitation to be present at the wedding ceremony, but our best wishes go with the happy pair, who started immediately for the bridegroom's ranch, about ten miles distant, near the Sacramento river. May they be happy always. We acknowledge bountiful favors in the way of good things.

DIED.

Near Cacheville, Nov. 14th, Mrs. Mary Ann Moore, aged 53 years.

In Woodland, Nov. 13th, Mary Elizabeth Schuder, aged 11 years and 4 months.

Fifteen miles west of Woodland, at the residence of J. Green, Nov. 11th, Mrs. Salome W. Braley, aged 49 years 8 months and 10 days.

In Woodland, November 10th, Mariah L., wife of Robert F. Welch, aged 22 years 10 months and 7 days.

In Woodland, Nov. 8th, infant twin child of Roscoe Dunn.

At the residence of his father, in Woodland, Nov. 11th, Lewis Elme Boots, only son of W. A. and Dillie Boots, aged 2 years 1 month and 15 days.

Funeral services were held at the Advent Church on Sunday by Elder Prior, Baptist.

New Advertisements.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,
42 and 44 J Street,
SACRAMENTO.
Importing Stationers,
Wholesale Paper Dealers.
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS!
Call and Examine our Splendid Display of Fine Stationery for the Holidays.
ORDERS FROM THE TRADE
PROMPTLY FILLED. no16-tjal

FOR SALE!

The fine farm known as "THE YERBY RANCH," situated about 2½ miles from Woodland, consisting of 800 acres choice Cache Creek bottom land, well watered and timbered. All well fenced. A fine two-story House of twelve rooms, Barns, Outbuildings, Fifty acres Chili Clover.

This is one of the most desirable places in California, and will be sold at a bargain.

Apply to GEO. D. FISKE, P. O. Building, Woodland.
no16-1mr

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT I, ADD. C. HINKSON, by virtue of a decree of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District in and for the County of Yolo and State of California, in the case of AMY CHILDS vs. R. C. CLARK and FRANK LAMOUNTAIN, dated September 28th, 1876, will sell at public auction on the premises for cash, the following described property, to wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being situate in the County of Yolo and State of California, bounded and described as follows, to wit; beginning at a point on the bank of the Sacramento River at low water mark where the southern line of a county road if extended would strike said bank at low water mark; thence along the southern line of said county road south 65° 15' west 16 chains 34 links to the center of Elk Slough; thence along the center of Elk Slough with its meanders to the point where the same slough strikes the Sacramento River; thence up the bank of said river at low water mark to the place of beginning, containing twenty-seven 21-100 acres, being a part of Swamp Land Survey No. 320 of Yolo County; and said sale will be made on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9th, 1876, between the hours of nine o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon; and said land will be sold in two parcels,—the following portion thereof in one parcel, to wit: "Commencing on the bank of the Sacramento river at low watermark where the south line of lands heretofore conveyed by Agnes Childs to R. C. Clark strikes the said river; thence running in a westerly direction twenty-one rods, more or less, along the south line of lands conveyed to said Clark to the southwest corner of said land; thence at right angles in a southerly direction for fourteen rods more or less; thence in an easterly direction parallel with the first mentioned line to the Sacramento River at low water mark; thence up said river to the place of beginning—said land to be so surveyed as to contain two acres of land: and the balance of said land will be sold in another parcel.

ADD. C. HINKSON,
Referee appointed by the District Court.
no16-4t

J. A. WILSON,
Cor. 4th and J Sts.,
SACRAMENTO.
IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
FURNITURE!
BEDDING
AND MIRRORS!
—ALSO,—
Solid Walnut Bedroom and Parlor Furniture!
DESKS AND BOOKCASES,
Of Every Description,
LOWER THAN SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
au17-3m

DR. I. N. HODGEN,
MODERN DENTIST,
Of Louisville, Ky.,
Office and Dental Rooms, over Wells, Fargo & Co's Express Office. se14-tf

DR. HOWARD FORD,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Is permanently located at Davisville, and will promptly attend professional calls at all times. Office at Residence. no9-3m

WANTED.
A competent Man and his Wife desire a situation on a Ranch. Inquire of
no9-1w JOHN TACKNEY.

STOP THAT COUGHING!
TAKE
HOYT'S COUGH SYRUP!
THE STANDARD REMEDY FOR
Coughs, Colds,
CROUP,
Whooping Cough, Asthma,
BRONCHITIS,
CONSUMPTION
—AND—
All Diseases of the Throat and Lungs!
HOYT'S AGUE TONIC!
Effectually eradicates malarial poison from the system, restores strength, invigorates the body, stimulates the sluggish liver to healthy secretion, enriches the impoverished blood, and restores the lost appetite.
Hoyt's Pile Salve!
A certain cure for Piles, Chapped Hands, Tetter, Scald Head, Scrofulous, Fistulous and all other Ulcers.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Prepared only by the Proprietor,
H. M. HOYT, Knights Landing,
no2-3m YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

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Real Estate Headquarters,
POSTOFFICE BUILDING,
WOODLAND.
Facilities for securing customers for lands unequalled.
No pains or expense have been spared to bring the rich agricultural lands of Yolo County to the notice of Eastern buyers and parties living in other portions of the State.
Those having lands or improved farms to sell will do well to call at once, as this is the time of year to sell.
CHARGES REASONABLE.
No expense to customers for advertising.
The Sales during the past two years exceed those of any Country Real Estate Office in the State.
TOWN OF WOODLAND PROPERTY
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
RENTS COLLECTED.
Money Loaned on Good Security. Safe Investments found at Fair Rates of Interest
CONVEYANCING.
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.
PROPERTY INSURED
—AT THE—
LOWEST RATES,
CONSISTENT WITH SAFETY, IN THE BEST COMPANIES.
Call and see for yourselves if these things are not so.
WOODLAND, October 25th, 1876. oc26-3m

TO THE PUBLIC.
Having disposed of my stock of Drugs to Messrs. MOSHER BROS., I would hereby thank the people of Knights Landing and vicinity for past favors, and bespeak for the new firm a liberal share of your patronage.
Very respectfully,
DR. E. A. GORDON.

A CARD.
Having purchased the Drug Store formerly owned by
DR. E. A. GORDON,
OF KNIGHTS LANDING,
We would respectfully announce to the surrounding community that we shall keep constantly on hand a choice selection of
PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES,
LIQUORS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PAINTS,
OILS,
WINDOW GLASS,
TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES,
And everything pertaining to a first-class house.
Prescriptions
Carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day and night,
AT SATISFACTORY RATES.
Respectfully soliciting a share of your patronage, we remain,
Yours respectfully,
oc26-1m MOSHER BROS.

WAGON-MAKING,
BLACKSMITHING,
—AND—
General Repair Shop.
The undersigned have opened a Shop
OPPOSITE THE TACKNEY HOUSE,
WOODLAND,
Where they are prepared to do all kinds of Wagon-Making, Blacksmithing, Horse-Shoeing and General Repairing of Vehicles, Implements and all kinds of Machinery on the shortest notice.
Old and new patrons are respectfully invited to give us a call. A. WEAVER & CO.
no2-3m

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.
WOODLAND, October 24th, 1876.
The undersigned, having sold out their business in Woodland, respectfully ask all those who are indebted to them to call and settle their accounts at their earliest convenience.
oc26 H. B. PENDEGAST & CO.

MUSIC! MUSIC!
THE ELLIS BRASS & STRING BAND

Will furnish First-Class Music for Balls, Parties, Concerts, Parades, Picnics, etc., etc., on reasonable terms.
Apply to
oc19-3m L. ELLIS, Leader.

GAFFORD HOUSE,
DAVISVILLE,
J. W. GAFFORD, - - Proprietor.
Board by the Day or Week at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. oc12-3m

LARGE
Creditors' Sale!
FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY.
Being compelled to raise the balance of our indebtedness inside of 30 days we will offer our
ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS
—AT—
LESS THAN IMPORTERS' PRICES!
Special attention is called to our
FINE ASSORTMENT
—OF—
CLOTHING
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS
Guaranteed to be as good as any in town. We will sell them
At Almost Any Prices!
ALSO, AN EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT OF
STYLISH
Dress Goods!
REDUCED TO HALF ITS VALUE!
Boots & Shoes!
Of Boots and Shoes we have a large stock of best California make. They
Must be Turned into Cash!
Remnants of Silk
—AT—
ONE FOURTH ITS ACTUAL VALUE.
—ALSO,—
A Full Line of Silk Fringe, Guipure Lace, Etc.
Special attention is called to our stock of
Millinery Goods
Comprising all the LATE STYLES of
HATS,
FEATHERS,
PLUMES,
FLOWERS,
SILK, RIBBONS & ORNAMENTS,
In which we offer great inducements.
Hats Trimmed to Order
IN GOOD STYLE!
All parties indebted to us are requested to call and settle their accounts within ten days from date. The accounts *must* be settled within that time.
LEVY & OSER.

Delinquent List of Taxpayers and Unpaid Taxes of the Town of Woodland, for the Year 1876-77.

ALLISON, NANCY—Lot 3, block 2, Elliott's Eastern Addition..... $1 62
Ammons, J J—Lot bounded n by Lowe, e by Third street, s by Strong, w by Jackson & Freeman..... 3 25
Benham, Robert—Lot bounded n by Davidson, e by Brown and Strong, s by Oak Avenue, w by Day..... 1 25
Billings, E L & Co—Lot 1, Elliott's Add.. 75
Baptist Church—Lot bounded n by Freeman, e by First street, s by North street, w by Freeman..... 50
Bailey, James—Lot bounded n by Sill, e by Gamill & Boots, s by Card, w by Freeman..... 1 85
Baptist, John—Lot 7 Welch's Addition... 68
Connelly, F—Lot 7, block 10..... 1 25
Dawell, A—West 100 ft of Lot 6, Morris' Add..... 1 75
Gettfer, C P—Lot 1 and 2 Sibley's Add'n. 2 75
Grant, R M—Lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, block "A," Frost & Ruggles' Add..... 1 83
Green, Thos—The e 60 ft of lot 5 Morris' Addition..... 1 00
Kalbaugh, Mrs C—Lots 8 and 9, block 4.... 1 55
Card, w by Wirth Bros..... 1 63
Livingston, Levy & Wm—W 20 ft of lot 4, block 2..... 5 93
Lambert, Maria—Subdivision 5 of e ½ of lot 1, block 1, Fiske & Messenger's Addition..... 37
Lee, M G—Lot bounded n by Pierson, e by Fenner & Coulter, s by Cross st, w by Cross & Fowler..... 5 04
Methodist Church—Lot 7, block 4; also lot bounded n by Main street, e by Schwalm, s by Ray, w by Tackney 5 50
Martin Ella and Mode Mattie—South 110 ft of n 190 ft of w ½ of block 2, Bynum's Addition..... 3 00
O'Donald, Mary—South 60 ft of w 135 of lot 2 of Fiske & Messenger's Add..... 1 25
Perry, W H—Lot bounded n and e by Fiske, s by Powers, w by Third st.... 2 58
Peckman, T C—Lots 4 and 5, block 3; also lot bounded n by Kean, e by Third street, s by Mrs Hopkins, w by Hospital..... 15 73
Pierson, B H—Lot bounded n by Oak Avenue, e by Cook, s by Lee & Cross, w by Welch..... 6 90
Rue, L M—E 20 feet of lot 3, block 3..... 3 25
Ricker, Henry—Lot bounded n by Main street, e by Kelley, s by Ray, w by I. O. G. T. No. 237, and Mering..... 4 25
Rosenkrans, C—Lot bounded n by Main street, e by Tackney, s by Ray, w by Clark..... 2 50
Richardson, S A—West 130 ft of lot 4, and s 90 ft of w 150 ft of lot 2, Frost's Add 1 70
Stotenberg, J W—Lot bounded n by North street, e by First street, s by Rhodes & Wright, w by Freeman..... 1 47
Shellman, J—Lot 3, block "B," Frost & Elliott's Addition..... 1 00
Smith, I. M.—South 60 ft of n 200 ft of w 135 ft of lot 2, block 2..... 50
Smith, J C—Lot bounded n by street, e by an Alley, s and w by Weaver..... 1 00
Snowball, J W—Lots 10 and 11 Elliott's Addition..... 1 00
Tucker, A W—Lots 4 and 5, block 10..... 2 38
Thatcher, W W—Subdivisions 11 and 12 of e ½ of lot 1, block 1, Fiske & Messenger's Addition..... 75
Thompson, Mrs. S. E—Lot 10 Elliott's Southern Addition..... 79
Webb J W—Lots 22 and 23 Fabricius' Add 1 38
Woodland T. V. Society—Lot 9, block 3 3 75
Williams, G J—Lot bounded n by Boots, e by R.R., s by Hutchinson, w by Boots & Gamill..... 65
Woodland I. O. O. F.—Improvements—Third story of Bank Building, known as Hall of Woodland Lodge No. 111..... 3 00
Young, J E—Lot bounded n by Beamer, e by Westcott, s and w by Sill..... 37

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT unless the taxes delinquent, together with the costs and percentage due thereon, as appears in the annexed and foregoing list are paid, I will sell at Public Auction, in front of the County Court House, in the Town of Woodland, County of Yolo, on SATURDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF DECEMBER, 1876, at 10 o'clock A.M., the Real Property upon which such taxes are a lien.

M. W. THOMAS,
Marshal and Ex-Officio Tax Collector.
no9-3t

Trustees' Sale.

WHEREAS, GEORGE J. LUCE, WM. H. LUCE, JOHN E. AGER and L. D. KELLY, doing business in the firm name of LUCE BROTHERS & CO., on the first day of November, 1875, made, executed and delivered to the PACIFIC PNEUMATIC GAS COMPANY, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of California, their two certain Promissory Notes, each for the sum of four thousand dollars in U. S. gold coin, bearing date November 1st, 1875, and drawing interest at the rate of one per cent. per month from date, one of which became due and payable four months, and the other one year from the date thereof. And whereas, in pursuance of an agreement made on the said 1st day of November, 1875, between said Luce Brothers & Co. and the said Pacific Pneumatic Gas Company, there has been transferred and assigned to me two hundred shares of the capital stock of the Woodland Gas Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of California, in trust as a security for the payment of said promissory notes; and whereas by said agreement I was authorized, empowered and directed, in case of a default in the payment of either of said promissory notes, to sell at public auction in the manner prescribed by said agreement, so many shares of said capital stock as should be necessary to pay the amount due thereon, on demand of the said Pneumatic Gas Company. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the said promissory note that became due one year from its date; and whereas the said Pacific Pneumatic Gas Company has demanded such sale—Now, therefore, by virtue of the authority vested in me as Trustee as aforesaid.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, in U. S. gold coin, on FRIDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1876, at one o'clock P. M., at the Court House door, in the town of Woodland, two hundred shares of the capital stock of the Woodland Gas Company, or so many shares thereof as shall be sufficient to pay the sum of $8,000, in U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent. per month from the 1st day of November, 1875.

no2-3t J. D. STEPHENS, Trustee.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Dwight Napier, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned Administrator of the Estate of DWIGHT NAPIER, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said Administrator, at the office of F. E. BAKER, at Woodland, in the County of Yolo, State of California.

Dated Woodland, Oct. 19th, 1876.

oc19-5t J. W. BANDY, Administrator.

P. P. P.
Pacific Poultry Pastures,
WOODLAND, CAL.
We have ready for shipping about fifty
GOLDEN PENCILED HAMBURG
Chicks at prices ranging from One dollar to Two and one-half dollars each.
They cannot be excelled in beauty of plumage, nor as egg producers. Also three trios of
GOLDEN PENCILED FOWLS
Well mated for breeding—the same that we have bred from this season.—Price, Twenty-five to Thirty dollars per trio.
These birds are as near perfection as can be found. We also offer a lot of **FINE-BUFF COCHINS**—the best stock on this Coast. Price, from Two-fifty to Five dollars per bird. IMPROVE YOUR POULTRY.
GET YOUR BREEDERS AT THE
Pacific Poultry Pastures,
G. H. & C. A. BANFIELD, Proprietors
P. P. P.
oc19-1m.

$50 Reward.

Stolen, on the night of TUESDAY, OCT. 12th, 1876, from the Ranch of FRED. SPRINGER, in Spring Valley Township, Colusa County, one Buggy Horse over sixteen hands high, weighing 1,200 lbs, branded **H B** on left shoulder; also, slight collar marks; also, one Dark Iron Grey Horse about 16 hands high, weight 1,100 pounds, four years old next Spring; no brands; white on both hind and one fore leg just above the hoof, bald face and small saddle mark on back.

Fifty Dollars will be paid for information leading to the recovery of the horses. Apply to FRED. SPRINGER, Arbuckle P. O., Colusa County, or to JOHN B. ARNOLD,
no2-1m. Marshal of Colusa Co.

DEPOT SALOON
AND BOARDING HOUSE!
C. COULTER, - - Proprietor.
I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars in this market, and respectfully invite all my old friends and the public to come and see me.
SALOON, COR. SIXTH AND MAIN STREETS,
no2-3m WOODLAND.

The Yolo Democrat.

Thursday, Nov. 16th, 1876.

Town and County Matters

Teachers' Institute.

WOODLAND, CAL., Nov. 8, 1876.

At the call of the School Superintendent, the teachers of Yolo County met in Institute at the Court House in Woodland, Nov. 8th, 1876, at 10 A. M.

After a few remarks by Supertendent Pendegast, as to the object of the Institute, a permanent organization was effected by the election of J. W. Goin, Secretary, with Miss F. Peek Assistant, and the appointment of the following Committees:

On Resolutions—G. N. Freeman, O. F. Boardman, R. P. Davidson.

On Introduction—Genoa Lawson, J. R. Bridges, S. B. Fisher.

On Criticism—M. C. Bell, J. W. Martin, H. W. Brown.

The following teachers reported present and enrolled:

Woodland—G. N. Freeman, J. W. Goin, M. C. Bell, M. E. Freeman, Genoa E. Lawson, Florence Peek, Emma Hollingsworth.

Grafton—W. H. Brown.

Liberty—J. W. Martin.

Buchanan—J. R. Bridges.

Canyon— E. L. Rugg.

Cache Creek—S. B. Fisher.

North Grafton—T. J. Goin.

Pleasant Prairie—W. H. Baker.

Sacramento River—G. D. Fiske, Jr.

Cacheville—R. P. Davidson.

Woodland Prairie—India H. Sheets.

Buckeye—Mary F. Prather.

Davisville—Nellie M. Shepherd.

Langville—Sadie Lowe.

Prairie—O. T. Boardman.

Washington—H. M. Goin.

Willow Slough—Ada Langille.

Center District—Etta Garton.

Mountain District—Ada Lampham.

After which a recess of ten minutes was given, during which interval the following teachers enrolled.

Monmument—May Dumont.

Haight—Polly Tonsly.

Pine Grove—J W Daniel.

Woodland—Mrs. A A Delong.

Institute being called to order, Mr. J W Martin was introduced, who discussed briefly his method of teaching geography, followed by an interesting discussion on the same by the Institute.

Institute adjourned until 1:30 P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Institute called to order at 1:30 P. M., Superintendent Pendegast in the Chair.

Roll called and the following being absent: Alice M Newton, J W Martin.

The following additional names were enrolled: Mrs C H Hutton, Cacheville; Kate Kelley and Kate C Gray, Washington; Minnie DeLong, Woodland; B J Cole, Gordon; C A Cole, Union; A M Phelps, Franklin; Rosa Kelley, Plainfield, Mary Lucas, Clover; A Burns, South Putah; Mrs. S E Grant, Kate B Fisher, Fillmore; Edward Anderson, Eureka; Thos. Kendrick, Lisboo; Hood Alston, Vernon.

The Institute was then favored with a duett—"Nightingale"—which was well received.

Prof. Carr, State Supertendent, and lady being present, on motion, the regular programme for the afternoon was withdrawn, and the time allowed Prof. Carr and lady. Prof. Carr was then introduced, who entertained the Institute a short time on the subject of Schools, School Laws, Teachers and Teachers' Certificates. He was followed by Mrs Carr, who entertained the Institute by an exercise on Botany illustrated freely by some very rare specimens from the vegetable kingdom.

Chair declared a recess of ten minutes, after which Prof. Carr was again called for, who gave an interesting exercise on the subject of Chemistry, illustrating some of the elementary principles of that science by a number of amusing experiments.

Institute adjourned until 7 P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

Institute called to order at 7 o'clock P. M., Supertendent Pendegast in the chair.

After an enlivening piece of music by the Glee Club, Miss India H Sheets read an essay which reflected great credit upon its author.

Hood Alston was then introduced, who entertained the audience with the reading of some original poems, in which he acquitted himself in a very commendable way. The readings were given in two parts, between which Mrs. E. S. Carr read an essay entitled "Education at the Centennial," giving an account of the exhibits in the Educational Department of the great Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia, which was a most creditable production.

Misses Peek and Lawson again favored the audience with a duett, which was well executed and highly applauded.

Institute adjourned until Tuesday, Nov. 9th, at 9 A.M.

TUESDAY'S SESSION.

Institute called to order at 9 A.M., Superintendent Pendegast in the Chair.

Roll called and the following reported absent: G N Freman, W H Brown, J R Bridges, J W Martin, E L Hugg, W H Baker, Geo D Fiske, India H Sheets, Genoa Lawson, Mary F Prather, Minnie C Bell, Emma Hollingsworth, Mary E Freeman, Ada Langfille, Polly Tonsly, J W Daniel, Bessie Cole and C A Cole.

Minutes of yesterday's Institute read, slightly corrected and approved.

The following names were added to the roll: George Banks, Davisville; W H Larew, North Putah; W W Davison, Enterprise; Peter Larew, Fairfield; S C Johnson, Pine Grove; Francis Woods, Occidental; Nannie Lucas, Fairview; Ruth Lucas, Grafton; Annie Asquith, Spring Lake; A M Newton.

O T Boardman discussed briefly his method of teaching Arithmetic to beginners, followed by a very interesting discussion by the members of the Institute.

Recess of five minutes given, after which Committee on Criticism reported the usual havoc of the "Queen's English," exercising vigorously the *liberal and humane art.*

Miss Ruth Lucas introduced the subject of Reading and Spelling, in which the teachers freely participated with beneficial results.

Institute adjourned until 1:30 P.M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Institute called to order at 1:30 P. M., Superintendent Pendegast in the Chair.

Roll called and the following failed to answer to their names: W H Brown, Nellie M Shepherd, O T Boardman, Ruth Lucas.

The following names of teachers were added to the roll: Clara A Templeton, Cottonwood; Fannie Garretson, Capay.

Prof. Freman was introduced; who spoke interestingly on the subject of Grammar, particularly on the subject of analysis of sentences, illustrating his remarks with numerous diagrams. His address was followed by a short discussion, after which a recess of ten minutes was taken.

Institute was then called to order. George Banks resigned the time given him in the regular programme for an exercise on the subject of Physiology to Prof. Carr, who entertained the Institute and audience with an instructive lecture on Practical Chemistry, and its relation to Physiology and Hygiene.

Adjourned to 7 P.M.

EVENING SESSION.

Institute called to order at 7 P. M., Superintendent Pendegast in the Chair.

Roll called, the following failed to answer to their names: J W Martin, George D Fiske, Mary F Prather.

The Glee Club treated the Institute and audience to an excellent piece of music—"Star of Decending Night," which was heartily applauded.

S B Fisher gave a recitation entitled "The Old School House," doing the subject ample justice.

Miss Sadie Johnson being introduced, read a very well prepared and interesting essay, entitled "Some of the Teachers' Work."

After a piece of music by the Glee Club, Prof. Carr delivered a profound, practical and exceedingly entertaining lecture on the subject of "Education in all its departments," which commanded marked attention by a large and appreciative audience.

Miss Peek sang a solo—"The Three Fishermen," which was well applauded.

On motion of R P Davidson, the thanks of the Institute were tendered Prof. Carr and his lady for the interest they had contributed during the Institute.

Adjourned to meet Friday Nov. 10th, at 9 A.M.

FRIDAY'S SESSION.

Institute called to order at 9 A.M., Superintendent Pendegast in the Chair.

Roll called, the following reported absent: Geo D Fiske, Mary F Prather, Florence Peek, O T Boardman, H M Goin, Mrs C Hutton.

Minutes of yesterday's Institute read and approved. J W Daniel gave an interesting exercise on the subject of Mental Arithmetic, followed by a spirited discussion on the same by the members of the Institute.

A motion was carried that the programme be varied by substituting History for Word Analysis, on account of the absence of Mr. Pedler, and on motion the subject was referred to H M Goin who introduced it with a few remarks, following which was an interesting discussion.

A recess of ten minutes was had, after which the subject of Algebra was introduced by J W Goin, which was participated in by a number of the members.

The Glee Club sang "Beautiful Winding River," and the Institute adjourned until 1:30 P.M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Institute reassembled at 1:30 P.M., Superintendent Pendegast presiding.

Roll called, the following being absent: G N Freman, O T Boardman, George Banks, W H Larew and Fannie Garrettson.

Committee on Criticism reported some well-timed criticisms.

W H Brown introduced the subject of Natural Philosophy, pointedly illustrating his method of teaching the same. A short discussion followed, after which a recess of ten minutes was given.

Institute called to order. Misses Peck and Lawson delighted the Institute with a duett, "Convent Bells."

Committee on Resolutions reported the following, which were adopted without discussion:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Institute be tendered the County Superintendent for the able and impartial manner in which he has presided over the deliberations of this Institute.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Institute be tendered the Secretaries for the faithful discharge of their duties.

Resolved, That we extend a vote of thanks to those who have contributed to the interest of the Institute in the reading of essays, the delivering of recitations and lectures, and to the committee who furnished music for the occasion.

On motion, the following were appointed a committee to make necessary arrangements for our next Institute: Prof G N Freman, J W Daniel, Mrs A A DeLong and Miss Florence Peek.

Institute adjourned until 7 P.M.

EVENING SESSION.

Institute called to order at 7 P. M. Supertendent Pendegast presiding.

Glee Club sang an anthem "Father, O, Hear Us" which met the hearty applause of the audience.

J R Bridges read an essay entitled "Teaching," which he treated in a style peculiar to his subject.

After a song by the Glee Club, Miss M C Bell recited "Three Lovers," which was frequently applauded.

Owing to the sudden and severe illness of Rev. Jno. A Bandfield, he was unable to fulfill his appointment to lecture this evening.

Miss Peek and Miss Lawson sang a duett—"Only a Dream of Home," with much expression.

Mr. Pendegast in a few eloquent words thanked the teachers present for their earnest coöperation during the Institute, and the interest they had manifested in the cause of our Common Schools.

The Institute then adjourned *sine die.*

J. W. GOIN,
FLORENCE PEEK, } *Secretaries.*

REWARD.—A liberal reward will be given to any person who will give me reliable information so as to convict the person or persons who are breaking the windows in the M. E. Church.
W. C. CURRY.

The outrage complained of should be put a stop to. A great deal of damage has been done by unruly boys in this place by breaking windows and in other ways. There should be a town ordinance imposing heavy penalties for such lawlessness in our boys. Another matter should engage the attention of our city fathers in this connection, viz: boys have a bad, mischievous habit of tearing down printed and written notices, posted for the public information, things that should not be allowed.

ROLL OF HONOR for scholarship of the Public School of Prairie District, Yolo County, Cal., for the month ending November 10th, 1876:

Carlton Blodget	92	Georgie Glasscock	99
Mary Gaddis	98	Emma Clausen	92
Maria Cassilis	93	Frank Hulburt	100
Ida Blodget	94	Willie Black	98
Kate Gaddis	94	Laura Cassilis	95
Eddie Gaddis	92	Jennie Root	94
Charles Green	95	Celia Dill	95
Elcho Fowle	93	Ella Ridley	93
Lizzie Mills	96	Clara Burr	93
Agnes Cassilis	100	Willie Dill	94
Bertha Gaddis	100	Joseph Lane	96
Amy Cassilis	98	Elsworth Blodget	92

The following have been perfect in deportment:

Celia Dill, Susan Cassilis, Jennie Root, Kate Gaddis, Phœbe Green, Estelle Rollins, Ida Blodget, Ella Ridley, Mary Gaddis, Maria Cassilis, Carlton Blodget, Silas Cassilis.

O. T. BOARDMAN, Teacher.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING LINE.—Anyone in need of boots and shoes will find it to their interest to go to S. T. Pendegast & Co's., where they keep the most complete assortment ever seen in Yolo county; also a splendid stock of gents' furnishing goods and hats; all of which will be sold very cheap. Call and examine their stock before purchasing anything in their line. 1

FARMING IMPLEMENTS FOR SALE. Mr. A. G. Read, of the firm of Read & Forrester having engaged permanently in business in town and quit ranching, offers for sale two gang plows, two harrows, seed-sower, singletrees, stretchers, fifth-chains, etc., Anyone wanting such articles had better see him at once.

SOLE PROPRIETOR.—Charley St. Louis has purchased the interest of his late partner, Mr. Hounson, in the Woodland Variety Store, and is running it on the correct plan of quick sales and small profits. Everybody knows Charley, and he is bound to do a good trade. More new goods arriving.

O. OF C., ATTENTION!—There will be a meeting of the Order of Caucassians Saturday evening Nov. 18th. All members are requested to be present, as business of importance will come before the Camp. J. R. AULL, Con.

COMPLIMENTARY.—We have been favored by Chas. H. Clapp, Secretary of the Young Men's Social Club, of Winters, with a complimentary ticket to their first grand ball on Thanksgiving night.

DISHES AND GLASSWARE, of the *best* quality, *cheap*, at J. H Eaton & Son's. 27

Nothing but the Truth.

It is nothing but the truth to call Hostetter's Stomach Bitters one of the most comprehensive remedies ever in existence. Disease in so many cruel guises has yielded to its curative action, its combined invigorating and alterative properties constitute it such a powerful agent for the promotion or restoration of health, that it may well be doubted whether it does not bear away the palm from all competitors of its class, both as a healer and a safeguard. Through the agencies of restored digestion, a regular habit of body and complete secretion, it overcomes the various maladies which the interruption of those functions produces. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, urniary affections, nervous debility, insomnia, and maladies of a yet more serious nature, are eradicated by its systematic use. It restores the appetite, promotes sound, refreshing sleep, and neutralizes those atmospheric causes which originate chills and fever and other miasmatic disorders. Elderly persons find in this comforting elixir not only a remedy for the numerous bodily ills to which age is peculiarly subject, but a genuine solace and support. Females in delicate health use it as a means of overcoming those disabilities and irregularities which afflict the gentler sex, and nervous or bilious subjects derive the promptest and most complete relief from it. There is, in short, no class of invalids that is not benefitted by the Bitters. It recreates wasted strength, fortifies the system against disease, and is one of the most reliable cordials in existence for overcoming the effects of fatigue, and affording protection against the consequence of exposure.

Iron in the Blood.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP vitalizes and enriches the blood, tones up the system, builds up the broken down, cures Dyspepsia, Debility, Dropsy, Chills and Fevers, Chronic Diarrhœa, Nervous Affections, Boils, Humors, Diabetes, etc. Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

A 32-page pamphlet, containing a history of the PERUVIAN SYRUP, a valuable paper on progress in medical science, a treatise on iron as a medical agent, testimonials from distinguished physicians, clergymen and others, will be sent free to any address. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, 88 Harrison Ave., Boston. Sold by dealers, generally.

JOHN BREUNER, the big Furniture dealer of 165, 168 and 170 K street, Sacramento, has just received four car-loads of the newest styles of furniture which he offers at the lowest prices ever given in this State. Grey hair-cloth parlor sets and elegant carpet lounges are sold at figures that are astonishingly low. See advertisement. 61

A Fragrant Breath and Pearly Teeth

Are easily obtained by cleansing your teeth daily with that justly popular dentifrice, SOZODONT. Composed of rare antiseptic herbs, it imparts whiteness to the teeth, a delicious aroma to the breath, and preserves intact, from youth to old age, the teeth. Acidity of the stomach will destroy the strongest teeth unless its effects are counteracted with SOZODONT, and this pure tooth-wash protects the dental surfaces by removing every impurity that adheres to them. Ask your druggist for SOZODONT.

From R. Fellows, M.D., of Hill, N. H.

Although I have generally a great objection to patent medicines, I can but say in justice to DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY that it is a remedy of superior value for Pulmonary diseases.

I have made use of this prepararion for years, and it has proved to be very reliable and efficacious in the treatment of severe and longstanding Coughs. I know of one patient, now in comfortable health, who has taken this remedy, and who but for its use, I consider, would not now be living.
R. FELLOWS, M.D.

WE often see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "spring poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders," given to such stock occasionally during the winter, would be worth more than an extra half ton of hay.

ANYTHING in the shape of Grease is pernicious rather than beneficial in cutaneous eruptions. GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP, a cleansing, wholesome, anti-inflammatory article is greatly to be preferred to Sulphur and other Ointment used in obnoxious diseases of the skin.

HAVE you a severe wrench or sprain? Have you rheumatism in any form? Have you stiff neck, or bunches caused by rheumatic pains? If so, "Johnson's Anodyne Liniment" is a specific remedy, used internally and externally.

TO LOVERS OF GAME.—I wish to notify the public that I will buy and sell all Kinds of game during the season, and shall try to give satisfaction to both sellers and buyers. Call at the grocery store. JOS. LABUXSIER. 47

J. H. EATON & SON pay the highest price for eggs and poultry. 26

New Industry in Woodland

PATENT SPRING BED FACTORY!

It being a conceded fact that the human family spend at least one-third of their time in bed, it is of the most vital importance that they should use

THE BEST BEDS!

We having been engaged in the manufacture of PATANT SPRING BEDS over three years, and studied the subject in all its bearings, we flatter ourselves that in placing the

CALIFORNIA FAVORITE SPRING BED,

Before the public it will meet the favor it so richly deserves. For elasticity, durability, health and cleanliness, it has no equal. It contains

FORTY-FIVE STEEL SPIRAL SPRINGS!

With hook and leather connections to a strong double acting frame with Steel End Supporters, thus making a soft, noiseless Spring-edged Bed.

Being made of the Best Material, and the price within the reach of all, it is destined to become the leading Spring Bed on this Coast.

PATENTED, OCTOBER 17, 1876.

☞ Old Style Spring Beds worked over on this new principle and made better than ever at the lowest possible rates.

N.B.—State and County Rights for sale all over the United States.

GRUWELL & NEWHOUSE,
Manufacturers and Patentees,
UNDER WASHINGTON HALL
WOODLAND, CAL. no9

Attention! Ladies!!

MRS. JOHN WEBBER

Will be pleased to receive customers at

ALEXANDER'S WHITE HOUSE,

Where she is prepared to do

DRESSMAKING,

ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

Dresses Fitted to Perfection!

Wedding Outfits a Specialty.

Call on Mrs. Webber at the White House.

N.B.—I am Agent for the American Sewing Machine, one of the best and cheapest in use. oc26

DR. ROBERT PECK

WILL GIVE INSTRUCTIONS IN THE

German Language.

TERMS:—For One Month—Eight Lessons, in Class, One Dollar; Private Lessons, as by agreement.

RESIDENCE: One door South of Dr. Ross' dwelling,

RAILROAD STREET, - WOODLAND.
no9-1m

D. H. QUINN,

SACRAMENTO,

Importer and Manufacturer of

HATS, CAPS AND LADIES' FURS,

Offers to his Customers and the Public the Most Extensive Stock of Gents', Youths' and Children's Hats and Ladies' Furs to be found on the Coast.

Hats and Caps Made to Order.

☞ Ladies' Furs Made and Repaired.

All Orders from the Country will be promptly attended to.

D. H. QUINN, Hatter & Furrier,
89 *J Street, between Third and Fourth,*
no8 SACRAMENTO CITY.

THE NEW

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!

Fall and Winter Goods,

MRS. & MISS PORTER

Have received their Spring Stock of Millinery, embracing the Latest and Most Fashionable Styles of Goods, and are prepared to suit the most fastidious tastes at reasonable prices. PLEATING done to order.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.—We are agents for the celebrated Butterick's Patterns, to which we call the attention of the public. Ladies are respectfully invited to favor us with their patronage.
se14-3m MRS. W. W. PORTER & CO.

A. BUTZ,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Good Templars' Block,

WOODLAND.

A good stock of Cloths on hand, and a Fit guaranteed. Please give me a call.
no8-3m A. BUTZ, Proprietor.

New Stock

—OF—

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

Just Received

—AT THE—

SAN FRANCISCO

Auction Store!

THE LARGEST

—AND—

BEST SELECTED STOCK!

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods,

CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS,

FANCY GOODS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

HATS, CARPETS,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

And a thousand other articles too numerous to mention, which we offer

LOWER

THAN ANYONE ELSE IN WOODLAND

FOR THIS REASON:

Because We Buy and Sell for Cash

AND ARE THEREFORE

ABLE TO SELL CHEAPER

THAN THOSE BUYING THEIR GOODS ON A CREDIT,

And have to pay high prices for their goods.

New Goods Received Every Few Days

AT THE SAN FRANCISCO

AUCTION STORE!

Adjoining Bank of Woodland,

GOSLINER & CO.,

no2 MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

FALL GOODS.

We are again before the public with a large and complete assortment of Fall Goods, and respectfully ask a continuance of the same favors bestowed upon us during the season just passed. Our stock is, in every sense of the word, full and complete. And having purchased the same at the lowest cash figures, we challenge competition in prices. Our stock of

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods

Is Complete, and we can confidently say that we can sell them

CHEAPER THAN ANY HOUSE IN TOWN!

IN FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!

FOR MEN AND BOYS,

We have any price and style, from a Cheap Substantial to a Fine Dress Suit.

OUR STOCK OF

FURNISHING GOODS, SHIRTS,

NECKWEAR,
UNDERWEAR,
HOSIERY, ETC.,

Is the largest and most elegant ever exhibited in Woodland.

We have the Nobbiest, Cheapest and Best Stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES in Town. Also a complete assortment of

Glass & Queensware, and Housekeeping Goods generally.

☞ *We will not, we cannot be undersold.* ☜

READ & FORRESTER,
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

A. G. READ,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER,

Will attend sales in any part of the county on short notice, at usual rates. oc26-3m

J. G. SCHWALM,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES

And Provisions.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID IN CASH FOR POULTRY!

MAIN ST., OPP. WASHINGTON HALL,

WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL.
oc12-3m

H. C. KIRK & CO,

Wholesale Druggists,

SACRAMENTO,

AGENTS FOR

J. C. Ayer & Co's Medicines,
D. Jayne & Son's Medicines,
Radway & Co's Medicines,
Hall's Hair Renewer,
Buckingham's Whisker Dye,
Fugazi's Oriental Dye,
Fugazi's Fountain of Youth,
Mallinckrodt's Carbolic Sheep Dip,
Dr. Steele's Medical Wonder and Wonder Pills

Proprietors of H. C. Kirk & Co's Condition Powders; H. C. Kirk & Co's Escence Jamaica Ginger; H. C. Kirk & Co's Essence Lemon; H. C. Kirk & Co's Essence Vanilla; Von Moyter's Cough Specific—Genuine. oc5-3m

NOTICE!

2,000 Acres of First-Class Farming Land for Sale!

One mile from Dunnigan's Station, on the California Pacific Railroad and five miles from the Sacramento River. Terms of sale easy.
Address W. J. CLARKE,
je29-tf Antelope, Yolo Co.

Fall and Winter GOODS.

OUR A. NICKELSBURG

Has just returned from below with an

Immense Stock

—OF—

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

And makes the following announcement: As

Our Stock is Too Extensive

In every line we will not make any enumerations. Our experience of business in Woodland for the past Five Years has taught us that the generality of people in the County prefer to

Deal at Legitimate Establishments:

ONE PRICE FOR GOODS!

And as good an article as can be got for it

Benefit to the Purchaser!

OUR BUSINESS HAS INCREASED

Wonderfully every year

On the Above Basis,

And will continue in the same manner

Every Piece of Goods Bought at Our House is Warranted to be As Represented.

Please Call and Examine!

No trouble to show you the goods!

A. NICKELSBURG & BRO.

se21

TO THE LADIES

—OF—

Woodland and Yolo County!

MRS. OGBURN,

MILLINER AND DRESSMAKER,

Having just returned from the Bay with a full assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Of the Latest Styles,

Would be pleased to have the Ladies call and examine them, confident that she can please in the future as well as in the past. She would also return thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

N.B.—Particular attention given to

DRESSMAKING!

Also, Agency of the

New Weed Sewing Machine!

se21 One of the most reliable in use.

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Public School

—AND—

COLLEGE TEXT BOOKS

—AT—

Geo. W. Greene's,

Which will be Sold at the Very Lowest Prices!

—ALSO,—

A FULL LINE OF SCHOOL SUPPLIES!

CALL AND EXAMINE. au19

THE PLACE TO BUY!

If you want a Good Article at a Low Price, in the line of

Groceries and Provisions,

—GO TO—

LA BUXSIER'S,

He keeps the best of everthing in that line, also,

Fruits, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Etc., Etc.

STORE, MAIN STREET, NORTH SIDE, Three doors from Second Street.

Please give me a call. **Jos. La Buxsier.**
Woodland, June 5th, 1876. se7-3m

ATTENTION!

LOTS ARE NOW OFFERED FOR SALE

IN THE TOWN OF

Willows, Colusa County, Cal.

☞ SECURE YOUR LOCATIONS EARLY.

TERMS: One fourth cash; balance in 6, 12, 18 months at one per cent.
Apply to **DANIEL ZUMWALT,**
On the premises, or to H. B. UNDERHILL Room 31 Rail Road Building, San Francisco.
se14-3m

FOR SALE!

I offer for sale my place in Woodland, situated on the Fabricius Tract, in ELLIOTT'S WESTERN ADDITION TO THE TOWN OF WOODLAND. It embraces

Four Large Town Lots!

And is situated on the northeast corner of the block. It has a house, good well of water, with pump, good fence, shade trees, and a lot of choice fruit trees just beginning to bear. For particulars apply on the premises or at this office. WM. WESLEY SMITH.
mh30-tf

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. Samples FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. au24-1y

Who is Ahead, And Always Ahead!

THE WHITE HOUSE

—OF—

A. ALEXANDER,

—WITH THE—

FIRST AND FINEST ASSORTMENT

—OF—

Fall Goods!

Brought to this Market, consisting of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, HATS AND CAPS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, Gents' Furnishing Goods,

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, ETC., ETC.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT:

UNPRECEDENTED REDUCTIONS!

Goods and Prices in reach of all for the coming State Fair!

Dress Goods Department!

IMMENSE DISPLAY!

The exhibition of English, French and Domestic Dress Goods in our Establishment is unquestionably the largest and best selected ever offered to the people of Woodland. We have secured almost every texture and design to be found in the market, and in asserting that no such display of Dress Goods has ever been witnessed in this town, we stand ready to challenge the criticism of the Ladies of Woodland and vicinity.

Housekeepers, Attention

JUST RECEIVED—
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Muslins, Sheetings, Quilts, Blankets, Towelling,

NAPKINS, TABLE LINENS, ETC., ETC.

And a splendid line of

Laces and Embroideries!

AT REMARKABLY LOW FIGURES!

CLOTHING!

This is one of our specialties. Our New and Immense Stock of Clothing is something never witnessed in this city; all our goods in this line are

CUT AND TRIMMED FROM THE FALL FASHION PLATES.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Our stock of Boots and Shoes, are all of the Latest Style, of Philadelphia and San Francisco make, and with our Immense Assortment we are sure to suit everybody.

The people of Woodland and elsewhere are cordially invited to call and examine our stock whether wishing to purchase or not, as our endless VARIETY OF GOODS, brands and qualities are too numerous to mention.

☞ The Largest and Finest Assortment of Goods in the county can be found at

THE WHITE HOUSE!

AND ABOVE ALL

WHO BRINGS THE PRICES DOWN!

—IT IS THE—

WHITE HOUSE OF A. ALEXANDER.

se7-au17

RE-OPENING

—OF THE—

WESTERN HOTEL!

This well known and popular hotel is fast approaching completion, and will be opened to the public on or about July 20th. This house has been entirely

Rebuilt and Newly Furnished

Throughout, from top to bottom. Every department has been made complete, and furnished with

ALL THE MODERN IMPROVEMENTS

That will be found in first-class houses of the day. We make no hesitation in saying that the WESTERN HOTEL, when completed, will be

The Best Second-Class House on the Pacific Coast,

And the traveling public will find every accommodation that can be found in any first-class hotel. It has TWO HUNDRED well furnished and

WELL VENTILATED SINGLE ROOMS,

And about FIFTY splendidly furnished

ROOMS FOR FAMILIES.

The TABLE will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

Every attention will be shown to the patrons of the House.

TERMS PER DAY.

FOR BOARD & ROOM.....FROM $1 TO $2.

WM. LAND, Proprietor.
oc26-3m

NEW STORE!

Thomas & Porter

HAVE JUST OPENED A

First-Class Grocery Store

IN WOODLAND,

And will keep constantly on hand a full supply of

Fresh Family Groceries

AND PROVISIONS!

SUGAR,	HAMS,
TEA,	BACON,
COFFEE,	LARD,
FLOUR,	EGGS,
SOAP,	BUTTER,
CANDLES,	CHEESE,

GREEN and DRIED FRUITS,

And Everything that is usually kept in a First-Class Grocery and Provision Store.

We will pay the highest market price in cash for Eggs and Poultry!

Goods delivered to any part of town free of charge.

STORE, ONE DOOR WEST OF EXPRESS OFFICE,

MAIN STREET.

au17-3m

The Yolo Democrat.

Thursday, Nov. 16th, 1876.

Letter from Mussel Slough, Tulare County.

GRANGERVILLE, Tulare Co., Nov. 5th.

EDITOR YOLO DEMOCRAT:—Having been asked a number of questions in reference to this portion of the country and its development I beg leave to answer through the medium of the DEMOCRAT.

In the first place I will say that this Mussel Slough country, as it is called, comprises four hundred to five hundred square miles, most of which is very rich. There is about eight hundred to one thousand square miles that is adapted to irrigation by absorption or seepage in the manner following:

Ditches carrying pure running water, situated within a half mile to a mile of each other, fill the ground with moisture from the water level to the surface; hence vegetation gets its required supply of moisture by capillary attraction. The earth holds the moisture to such an extent that, for instance, since the 10th day of last August no water has been in the ditches from Grangerville to Goshen, yet we see corn, melons, pumpkins, wheat and vegetation generally growing most luxuriantly. In fact, corn planted in July along the ditches that were dug earlier in the season, is now hardening and it is good and heavy. There is not more than one-third of this land in cultivation but the unfinished ditches are being hastened on towards completion. Settlers are rapidly coming in, among them many of our old Yolo friends—God bless 'em!

Though nothing is very surprising to Californians, yet all express astonishment on seeing the beauty of the country and the wonderful vegetation. Our Eastern and Southern brethren on seeing a pumpkin that a strong man can't lift and a sweet potato that an eight year old boy can't carry, open their mouths as though they would make an exclamation, and doubtless would if they could think of anything that would give vent to their feelings without saying something that would be wrong. They all manage to get houses, and there is room for several more. The depots on the C. P. R. R. to this country are Kingsburg, Coop Creek and Goshen. The road from Goshen to Tres Pinos on the coast, which passes through the midst of this fertile country, is just begun and in rapid progress; about five hundred men were set to work last week. As the grading advances the rails are being laid, and the first forty miles will be completed probably within ninety days. Any questions will bo cheerfully answered.

Very truly yours,
J. N. PRATHER.

DEATH OF CARDINAL ANTONELLI.—A dispatch from Rome announces the death of Cardinal Giacomo Antoneli, the confidential adviser of Pope Pius IX. Deceased was born at Sonnino, near Terraceno, Italy, in 1806. He was educated at the great Seminary of Rome, and having at an early age given proof of great ability, was appointed by Pope Gregory XVI. to various civil offices, attaining in 1845 that of Minister of Finance. After the accession of Pope Pius he was made Cardinal, and a year later, in 1848, Prime Minister. At first he won the favor of the popular party, but later adopted a more retrogrenian policy, and thereby incurred the enmity of the liberals. In 1867 he was made *Curator ad interim* of the University of Rome. In 1868, by the death of Cardinal Ugolino, he became Dean of the order of Cardinal Deacons. As a statesman he became prominent for his remonstrance against Victor Emanuel's Italian policy. He protested against the events that led to Italian nationality, and greatly influenced if he did not dictate the policy of Pope Pius IX. An unsuccessful attempt was made on his life in 1855.

FAVORABLE PROSPECTS.—The recent heavy rains and the large amount of summer-fallow and volunteer gives the farmers a prospect of another prosperous year. Although early heavy rains are no evidence of a large quantity of rain during the Winter season, yet it is a good omen and has already added a new stimulus to the farmers throughout the State, and has caused a buoyancy of feeling to prevail. Sufficient rain has fallen to start grass and grain, and render plowing possible. All the indications are now most excellent, and we look forward with buoyant hearts and bright anticipations. Let every farmer buckle on his armor and commence anew with a joyous heart, for the agriculturist never in this State had more reason to rejoice. The past year has been one of general prosperity, with splendid yield and fair price, and indications now justify the opinion that a bountiful crop, with better prices will reward the husbandman for his labors. Let all so feel and go to work impressed with such belief with a brave heart, and success and prosperity will certainly crown your efforts.—*Sac. Agriculturist.*

INAUGURATION DAY.—March 4th, 1877, inauguration day of our next President, falls on Sunday for the fourth time in a Presidential year in the history of this nation. The first case of this kind happened at Washington's second inuagural. History does not tell us when Washington took the oath, but, judging from his character and after proceedings in such cases, there is little doubt that said oath was administered March 5th.

The next occurrence fell on Sunday in 1821, when President Monroe commenced his second term. The inauguration was on Mouday, 5th.

The third occurrence of this kind was in 1849, when President Taylor was elevated. In this instance, also, the ceremonies took place on Monday.

So according to the custom set by these examples, Grant's successor will take the oath of office on Monday, March 5th.

Every seventh Presidential term the 4th of March, on which the term should commence, falls on Sunday. Unless there should be a change in the duration of the term the coincidence will not again occur until the year 1905.

Centaur Liniments!

The Quickest, Surest and Cheapest Remedies.

Physicians recommend, and Farriers declare that no such remedies have ever before been in use. Words are cheap, but the proprietors of these articles will present trial bottles to medical men, gratis, and will guarantee more rapid and satisfactory results than have ever before been obtained.

The Centaur Liniment, White Wrapper, will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Caked Breasts, Sore Nipples, Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Swellings, Sprains, and any ordinary

FLESH, BONE OR MUSCLE AILMENT.

It will extract the poison of bites and stings, and heal burns or scalds without a scar. Lock-jaw, Palsy, Weak Back, Caked Breasts, Earache, Toothache, Itch and Cutaneous Eruptions readily yield to its treatment.

Henry Black, of Ada, Hardin Co., Ohio, says: "My wife has had rheumatism for five years—no rest, no sleep—could scarcely walk across the floor. She is now completely cured by the use of Centaur Liniment. We all feel thankful to you, and recommend your wonderful medicine to all our friends."

James Hurd, of Zanesville, O., says: "The Centur Liniment cured my neuralgia."

Alfred Tush, of Newark, writes: "Send me one dozen bottles by express. The Liniment has saved my leg. I want to distribute it, etc."

The sale of this Liniment is increasing rapidly.

The Centaur Liniment, Yellow Wrapper, is for the tough skin, flesh and muscles of

HORSES, MULES AND ANIMALS.

We have never yet seen a case of Spavin, Sweeny, Ring-bone, Wind-gall, Scratches or Poll-Evil, which this Liniment would not speedily benefit, and we never saw but a few cases which it would not cure. It will cure when anything can. It is folly to spend $20 for a Farrier, when one dollar's worth of Centaur Liniment will do better. The following is a sample of the testimony produced:

"JEFFERSON, Mo., Nov. 10, 1873.

"Some time ago I was shipping horses to St. Louis. I got one badly crippled in the car. With great difficulty I got him to the stable on Fourth Avenue. The stable-keeper gave me a bottle of your Centaur Liniment, which I used with such success that in two days the horse was active and nearly well. I have been a veterinary surgeon for thirty years, but your liniment heads anything I ever used.

"A. J. M'CARTY, Veterinary Surgeon."

For a postage stamp we will mail a Centaur Almanac, containing hundreds of certificates, from every State in the Union. These Liniments are now sold by all dealers in the country.

Laboratory of J. B. ROSE & Co.,
46 DEY STREET, NEW YORK.

Mothers.

Castoria is the result of 20 years' experiments, by Dr. Samuel Pitcher, of Massachusetts. It is a vegetable preparation as effective as Castor Oil, but perfectly pleasant to the taste. It can be taken by the youngest infant, and neither gags nor gripes. Dr. A. J. Green, of Royston, Ind., says of it:

SIRS:—I have tried the Castoria and can speak highly of its merits. It will, I think, do away entirely with Castor Oil; it is pleasant and harmless, and is wonderfully efficacious as an aperient and laxative. *It is the very thing.*

The Castoria destroys worms, regulates the Stomach, cures Wind Colic, and permits of natural healthy sleep. It is very efficacious in Croup, and for Teething Children. Honey is not pleasanter to the taste, and Castor Oil is not so certain in its effects. It costs but 35 cents, in large bottles.

J. B. ROSE & Co., 46 Dey St., New York.
oc5-jy27-2

H. WACHHORST,

IMPORTING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

79 J street, Sacramento,
BET. THIRD AND FOURTH,
Invites attention to his

Magnificent Stock of Genuine terling Silverware.

Ornamental and for the Table—925 fine, warranted to retain its beautiful whiteness and not change to a greyish shade like coin quality of Silver Forks and Spoons.

JEWELRY. My selection is one of the rarest and most valuable in the State, in Diamond Sets, Stone Cameo, Amethyst, Coral and Solid Gold Sets.

RINGS. An endless variety of every description, from Plain Solid Gold to the most elegant Diamond Settings.

CHAINS. Opera, Neck Opera Guard, Chatelain, and Vest Chains, all the new elegant patterns.

SUNDRIES. Lockets, Charms, Seals, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Collar Buttons, Gents' Gold Headed Walking Canes, etc.

WATCHES. Chronometers, Chronographs, (quarter and one-fifth second) for timing horses, fine English and Swiss watches, American watches from the best manufactories, which I will forward to any part of the country at factory prices.

CLOCKS. From the plainest to the finest French Pendules.

DEALERS In these articles from the interior will be allowed a liberal discount.

Orders Promptly Filled.

Chronometers, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by the best workmen and warranted.

My customers enjoy this advantage, I purchase my goods for cash from the factories and sell cheaper than any other dealer here.

Remember the Sign of the Town Clock.

79 J street, between 3d and 4th.
oc12-3m

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

AND FANCY GOODS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

Stationery and Musical Instruments, Etc.

AT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF

G. W. GREENE,

MAIN STREET,
COLLEGE BLOCK, WOODLAND,

is the place to find an assortment in the above lines. An inspection of my stock is respectfully requested.

Besides a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods, I have all the Public School, College and Text Books required; also Religious and Miscellaneous Works, Music, Books, etc.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.
se1-3m

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.

Rag Carpet Manufactory.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.

PRICES.

Fancy patterns, per yard.....50 cts.
Patterns with white warp, per yard.....45 cts.
Plain patterns, per yard.....40 cts.

For Sale at Nicklesburg Bros'.

Orders left at Porter's store will be promptly attended to.
oc20-3m THOMAS McCANNA.

PIANO TUNING

AND REPAIRING.

The undersigned will remain in Woodland a few days, and will be pleased to wait upon all who desire his services.

Orders may be left at this office or with Mr. RICHARD SCHNEIDER, Sixth street, second door north of Main street, west side.

CHARLES LUNN.
March 10th, 1876. mh10-tf

CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS GREAT INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, DESIGNED TO COMMEMORATE THE ONE HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE, OPENED MAY 10th, AND WILL CLOSE NOVEMBER 10th, 1876. All the Nations of the world and all the States and Territories of the Union are participating in this wonderful demonstration, bringing together the most comprehensive collection of art treasures, mechanical inventions, scientific discoveries, manufacturing achievements, mineral specimens, and agricultural products ever exhibited. The grounds devoted to the Exhibition are situated on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and embrace four hundred and fifty acres of Fairmount Park, all highly improved and ornamented, on which are erected the largest buildings ever constructed,—five of these covering an area of fifty acres and costing $5,000,000. The total number of buildings erected for the purposes of the Exhibition is near two hundred. During the thirty days immediately following the opening of the Exhibition a million and a quarter of people visited it.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD,

THE GREAT TRUNK LINE

—AND—

Fast Mail Route of the United States,

Is the most direct, convenient and economical way of reaching Philadelphia and this great Exhibition from all sections of the country. Its trains to and from Philadelphia will pass through a GRAND CENTENNIAL DEPOT, which the Company have erected at the Main Entrance to the Exhibition Grounds for the accommodation of passengers who wish to stop at or start from the numerous large hotels contiguous to this station and the Exhibition, a convenience of the greatest value to visitors, and afforded exclusively by the Pennsylvania Railroad, which is THE ONLY LINE RUNNING DIRECT TO THE CENTENNIAL BUILDINGS. Excursion trains will also stop at the Encampment of the Patrons of Husbandry, at Elm Station on this road.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD IS THE GRANDEST RAILWAY ORGANIZATION IN THE WORLD. IT CONTROLS SEVEN THOUSAND MILES OF ROADWAY, FORMING CONTINUOUS LINES TO WASHINGTON, OVER WHICH LUXURIOUS DAY AND NIGHT CARS ARE RUN FROM CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS, COLUMBUS, TOLEDO, CLEVELAND, AND ERIE, WITHOUT CHANGE.

Its main line is laid with double and third tracks of heavy steel rails upon a deep bed of broken stone ballast, and its bridges are all of iron or stone. Its passenger trains are equipped with every known improvement for comfort and safety, and are run at faster speed for greater distances than the trains of any line on the continent. The Company has largely increased its equipment for Centennial travel, and will be prepared to build in its own shops locomotives and passenger cars at short notice sufficient to fully accommodate any extra demand. The unequaled resources at the command of the Company guarantee the most perfect accommodations for its patrons during the Centennial Exhibition.

THE MAGNIFICENT SCENERY for which the Pennsylvania Railroad is so justly celebrated presents to the traveler over its perfect roadway an ever-changing panorama of river, mountain and landscape views unequaled in America.

THE EATING-STATIONS on this line are unsurpassed. Meals will be furnished at suitable hours and ample time allowed for enjoying them.

EXCURSION TICKETS, at reduced rates, will be sold at all principal Railroad Ticket Offices in the West, North-west and South-west.

BE SURE THAT YOUR TICKETS READ VIA THE GREAT PENNSYLVANIA ROUTE TO THE CENTENNIAL.

FRANK THOMSON, *General Manager.*
D. M. BOYD, JR., *Gen'l Pass'r Agent.*
au10-td31

YOLO PLANING MILL

—AND—

Machine Shop,

BYRON JACKSON, Prop'r,

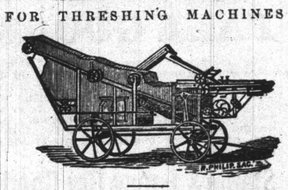
—AND—

MANUFACTURER OF ELEVATORS

—AND—

SELF-FEEDERS

FOR THRESHING MACHINES!



Horse-Forks and Derricks

For Threshing or Stacking Hay or Grain.

Will Make or Repair All Kinds of Agricultural Implements!

BLACKSMITHING

AND MACHINISTS' WORK

Done by Skilled Mechanics at Short Notice!

Threshers or Engines Repaired at the Shop or in the Field.

☞ SEND FOR SPECIAL CIRCULAR.
Address,

BYRON JACKSON,
Woodland, Yolo County, Cal.

☞ For Contracting, House-building and Milling see card of CALDWELL & JACKSON.
au10-3m

BYRON JACKSON. JOSEPH CALDWELL.

CALDWELL & JACKSON,

CONTRACTORS,

Hereby notify the public that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on a

GENERAL MILLING BUSINESS

In all its departments.

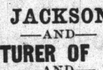
Doors, Sash, Casings, Inside Finish, Brackets, Scroll Sawing, Wood Turning, etc. Door and Window Frames and Moldings of all kinds made to order.

Jobbing done at short notice,

—AND—

GOOD WORK WARRANTED.
au10-3m

EAGLE MILLS,

Knights  Landing.

ARNOLD & SCHROTH, Prop's.

These well known and popular mills have been thoroughly overhauled and repaired by the new proprietors, and are now ready for business, and turning out the best quality of

Fine Flour, Corn Meal,
Graham Flour, Ground Feed,
ETC., ETC.

Special attention will be given to

GRIST WORK,

Which will be promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed,

For choice lots of milling wheat the highest price will be paid in cash. oc20-3m

KING,

Photographer,

OVER PORTER & CO.S,

WOODLAND.

None but First-Class Work Allowed to Leave this Gallery.

COME AND SEE US!
se21-3m

SIGN OF THE BIG TEA-POT.

F. M. HALL,

Two doors West of Postoffice,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND,

Manufacturer of and dealer in all kinds of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron-ware,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A FULL ASSORTMENT

—OF—

ALL GOODS IN HIS LINE,

Consisting in part of

STOVES,

RANGES,

PUMPS, PIPE OF ALL KINDS HOSE,

BRASS GOODS,

Fruit Cans and Fruit Jars,

—AND—

EVERYTHING USUALLY KEPT

—IN A—

HOUSE FURNISHING STORE.

Having just returned from San Francisco with

—A—

Full and Complete Assortment

CAN NOW OFFER

Better Inducements to Customers than anyone else in Yolo County.

☞ Remember the place, two doors west of the Postoffice. no2-3m

NEW STOCK

—OF—

Fine Furniture!

JOHN BREUNER,

Nos. 166, 168 and 170 K Street,

SACRAMENTO,

Has Just Received Four Car-Loads of

FINE FURNITURE!

WHICH MUST BE SOLD AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

EVER OFFERED IN THE STATE!

HANDSOME CARPET LOUNGES,

Solid Walnut Frames,

AT $16 TO $20.

Solid Walnut French Veneered Chamber Sets, and Grey Hair-cloth Parlor Sets, at Great Reductions.

Dealers and Hotel-Keepers will do well to Examine Before Buying.

JOHN BREUNER,
Nos. 166, 168 and 170 K Street, Sacramento.
se7-3m

J. K. SMITH,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

COLLEGE BLOCK,

Main street, - Woodland,

Opposite Craft Hotel.

Undertaking

Promptly attended to, and at satisfactory prices.

A Fine New Hearse in connection with the business.
se1-3m J. K. SMITH.

CACHE CREEK MARKET,

COTTONWOOD,

YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

FRED. N. HENRICH,

Dealer in all kinds of

Meats, Sausage, Lard, Bacon, Hides, Tallow, etc.

SAUSAGE MADE AT NIGHT,

And entirely free from flies and dirt, by an expert hand at the business, in a superior manner. Sausage Meat is a splendid thing for farmers in the busy season, as it is easy to cook and always ready. Very handy for lunch. Try it.

COTTONWOOD, June 22d, 1876. au24-3m

A. D. PORTER

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCER

—AND—

Dealer in Produce Generally.

MAIN ST., WOODLAND.
oc1-3m

WOODLAND BAKERY,

First Street,

Opposite Central Hall, near Capital Hotel.

O. SCHLUER, . Proprietor.

A Supply of

Bread, Cakes, Pies, Crackers,

Etc., always on hand, and delivered to any part of town if desired.

Balls and Parties

Supplied on short notice. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. au 1

W. H. LUDDEN. J. B. ELSTON.

ELSTON & LUDDEN,

SUCCESSORS TO

J. L. SIMPSON,

DRUGGISTS,

Calbraith's Block,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

Drugs, Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS,

Toilet Perfumes, Hair Oils,

SOAPS, HAIR BRUSHES, ETC.

A FINE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

Miscellaneous Books, Stationery.

INITIAL NOTE, DIARIES, ETC., ETC.

ALSO, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

GLASS,

CIGARS, TOBACCO, LEGAL BLANKS

Also, Fine Port & Sherry Wines,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKIES,
COGNAC BRANDY,
HOLLAND GIN,
JAMAICA RUM, ETC.,

All of the purest quality for medicinal use.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours by J. B. ELSTON.

ELSTON & LUDDEN,
(Read & Magee's old stand), Main street,
au24-3m WOODLAND.

A. HOUNSON. L. MACHEFERT.

A CARD.

To the People of Yolo County

AND VICINITY:

Having purchased the Drug Store formerly owned by

T. B. REINDOLLAR,

And completely RENOVATED AND RESTOCKED the same, we would respectfully solicit the patronage of the public, being confident of our ability to give satisfaction in every particular, and especially in the

COMPOUNDING OF PRESCRIPTIONS.

We will keep in stock a full line

—OF—

DRUGS!

FLUID EXTRACTS, PATENT MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Lamps, Brushes, Books, Stationery, Soaps, etc.,

Respectfully,
L. MACHEFERT & CO.
Woodland, March 16th, 1876. se14-tf

CENTENNIAL

Railroad Store!

HUSTON BROS.

Have just opened a BRANCH STORE at

BLACKVILLE,

And are now ready to supply Customers with everything in the line of

Farmers' Supplies.

—SUCH AS—

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Queensware,

Farming Implements,

Grain Bags, Etc.

EXTRAS FOR MACHINERY

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Give us a Call. **HUSTON BROS.**
se7-3m

LUMBER!

S. A. DAVIS. D. FRAZER.

Davis & Frazer,

(Successors to Ruggles & Davis,)

AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED YARD,

South of Main St., near the College,

WOODLAND.

We keep on hand every kind of

Building and Fencing Lumber,

Shakes,
Doors,
Blinds,
Plaster Paris,

SHINGLES, WINDOWS, LATHS,

Lime, Cement, Hair, Etc.

All Orders Promptly Filled on Liberal Terms to the Purchaser.

oc6-3m DAVIS & FRAZER.

HERMAN KUHN,

OPP. PORTER'S STORE,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

Dealer in all kinds of

Tinware, Stoves, Hose,

WATERPIPES AND PUMPS,

Roofing, Plumbing & Gasfitting.

JOBBING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

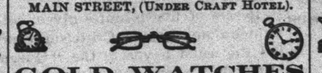
GALVANIZED IRON WATER TANKS, all sizes, made to order, at the lowest possible prices.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
oc27-3m HERMAN KUHN.

L. Machefert's

JEWELRY STORE,

MAIN STREET, (UNDER CRAFT HOTEL).



GOLD WATCHES

For Ladies and Gents,

GOLD CHAINS,

Vest, Long, and Necklace,

AMERICAN & SWISS SILVER WATCHES

COIN SILVER CHAINS,

Latest Style Gold Sets,

EARRINGS AND PINS,
GOLD CUFF PINS,
SLEEVE BUTTONS,
GLOVE FASTENERS,
SHAWL PINS
AND LOCKETS,

Gents' Gold Pins, Collar Buttons and Shirt Studs,

DIAMOND, RUBY, EMERALD, AMETHYST, ONYX, CAMEO, GARNET, PEARL, PLAIN & ENGRAVED RINGS

Silver-Plated Spoons, Forks, Knives, Cake Baskets, Fruit Dishes, Castors, Card Receivers, Etc.,

Coin Silver Spoons, Forks, Card Cases, Thimbles, Etc.,

GOLD PENS AND HOLDERS,

Spectacles and Eye Glasses, in Gold, Silver, Rubber and Steel,

Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Albums, Chromos, Frames, Knives, Guns and Pistols.

Florence Sewing Machines.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRS DONE IN A SATISFACTORY MANNER.

L. MACHEFERT,
se14-3m Main Street.

H. B. WOOD,

—DEALER IN—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MACHINERY,

Hardware, Woodenware, Paints & Oils,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND.

The latest improved Machinery and Agricultural Implements, which he sells at San Francisco prices.

Myers' Excelsior Gang Plow!

ONE OF THE VERY BEST IN USE!

He also calls attention to his

Iron and Wood-worker's Tools,

And Stock-in-Trade, consisting in IRON, STEEL, COAL, SPRINGS, AXLES, BOLTS, NAILS, LOCKS, SCREWS, HINGES, ETC., ETC.

CASTINGS FOR MACHINERY,

Cutlery, in Every Style,

CORDAGE, BLASTING POWDER,

Fuse, and all kinds of Ammunition.

The stock of PAINTERS' FINDINGS is large and complete, consisting of

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Window-Glass, ETC., ETC.

THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, MECHANICS AND BUILDERS

Is particularly invited to his stock, each line of which is complete, and will be sold at very low prices.

H. B. WOOD.
WOODLAND, Sept. 24, 1874. se21-tf

SOMETHING NEW

At 169, 171 and 177 K Street,

SACRAMENTO CAL.

AITKEN & LUCE

Make the following proposition to those who wish Monuments or Headstones, and who come to the City for the express purpose of selecting.

We will pay the R.R. fare both ways when the distance and amount of purchase compare with the following table:

$50 00	Contract—	30	miles or less.
$75.00	"	40	" "
$100.00	"	50	" "
$250.00	"	75	" "
$500.00	"	150	" "
$1,000.00	"	300	" "

Thus giving purchasers the opportunity of making their selections, instead of dealing with inexperienced canvassers.

Cut this out and bring it with you, and after you have made your purchase, present it, and we will give you credit for your R. R. fare both ways.

We wish it distinctly understood that we work any kind of marble desired, and as low as the lowest.

Italian, Vermont and California Marble, of our own importation and production, at wholesale and retail.

Orders for Scotch Granite Monuments filled direct from Glasgow, Scotland.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.
au17-3m AITKEN & LUCE.

OTTO HANSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

106 J Street, above Fourth,

SACRAMENTO.

THE FINEST AND LATEST STYLES OF Cloths on hand. Cutting and all work done by first-class workmen. se21-3m

A Chance for a Bargain!

The undersigned, wishing to quit business on account of ill health, offers his

GROCERY STORE,

Cor. Main and Third Streets,

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

Will sell the goods and rent the property, or will sell the property and goods to suit the purchaser. J. I. EATON.

☞ All parties indebted to me by note or account are requested to come forward and settle up, as I must have money.
oc12-1m J. I. EATON.

EL DORADO LIVERY STABLES!

POCKMAN & REDD.

Have become the Proprietors of these celebrated Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables, and are prepared to furnish on short notice any kind of turn-out desired—Saddle Horses, Single or Double Buggies, Carriages or Barouches, and will furnish drivers if desired.

Horses Boarded by the day, week or month.
no9-3m POCKMAN & REDD, Proprietors.

FARM FOR SALE!

A GOOD FARM OF 640 ACRES—farming and timber land, situated in town 13 north, range 2 west, Mount Diablo meridian—one mile west of

BASHORE'S DEPOT, Colusa County.

A DESIRABLE LOCATION.

For particulars enquire of M. HYMAN, Woodland, J. C. BOWER, Yolo; or W. J. JOHNS, Colusa County. oc19-3m

BAKER & HAMILTON,

IMPORTERS OF

Agricultural Implements!

MACHINE & HARDWARE.

We are exclusive Agents for the following Celebrated Machines, viz:

THE BUCKEYE MOWERS & REAPERS,
THE CHAMPION MOWERS & REAPERS,
THE HOLLINGSWORTH SULKY HAY-RAKES,
THE WISNER SELF-OPERATING SULKY HAY RAKES,
(This Self-Dumping Rake is the latest invention in this line.)
HAINES' GENUINE HEADERS,

THE BAIN HEADER WAGONS,

(This Wagon is without doubt the best in this Market. We have both Iron Axle and Thimble Skein.)

The Pitt Buffalo Threshers & Horse-Powers!

The Ames' Wood and Straw Burning Engines!

Our Machines are all First-class. They have all been Tested for Years. All the Improvements Added as fast as Invented.

Farmers Try No Experiment in Buying Our Machines!

EACH AND EVERY MACHINE IS THE BEST OF ITS CLASS MANUFACTURED.

The Buckeye & Champion MOWERS

Are the Best Mowers in the World. Nothing is made to equal them.

THE PITT BUFFALO THRESHER

Has no equal in this or any other country. It is the best Thresher made.

The Ames' Straw-Burning Engines!

Are the Best and Cheapest in Market.

We keep in stock a full line of

Machines, Farm and Spring Wagons, Plows, Seed Sowers, Etc., Etc.

Our Goods are well and favorably known all over the Coast. We also offer a full line of

Hardware, Cutlery, Belting,

ETC., ETC.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

ADDRESS,
Sacramento or San Francisco.
oc12

C. D. MORIN,

At his Old Stand, Opposite the Bank Woodland,

Is prepared to do all kinds of

PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING,

—AND—

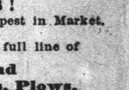
METAL ROOFING,

And Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares,

ALSO, DEALER IN

STOVES,



PUMPS,

Iron and Galvanized Pipes of all sizes.

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated "Union Range."

—AND THE—

"MEDALLION RANGE."

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
Of all kinds in his line.

GALVANIZED IRON

Water Tanks!

All Sizes, made to Order.

AGENCY FOR

Rose's deep well Force Pumps.

TOOLS FOR BORING WELLS

Can be had at my Store.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY Promptly attended to.

☞ SHOP ON MAIN STREET,
(Next to Gray and Wood's Hardware Store.)
no2-3m C. D. MORIN.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR HOUSE IN WOODLAND!

L. DRYFUS,

Has in store a full stock of

Choice Wines, Pure Liquors CIGARS, ETC.,

Which he offers to dealers and the public at wholesale rates as favorable as can be obtained anywhere on this Coast.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED

—AND—

GOODS DELIVERED ON SHORT NOTIC

Store opposite Bank of Woodland.
oc5-3m

PACIFIC SALOON!

Chris. Sieber, - - Proprietor

I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and respectfully invite all my friends and the public to come and see me.

PACIFIC SALOON,
Opp. the College, Main St., Woodland.
oc20-3m

The Public Bath Denounced.

PROF. REAMY'S VIEWS OF THE HYGIENE OF BATHING.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* has a full report of Dr. Reamy's interesting lecture on the "Use and Abuse of Baths" before the faculty and students of the Ohio Medical College, from which we extract the following;

But important as it is to keep these millions of sudatory ducts open, it is very questionable whether a lavish use of soap and scrubbing-brushes has the tendency to do so. In fact, the contrary may be presumed; for the application of soap to the outer cuticle, scrubbed well into the pores with a rough brush, must rather block up the capillaries than open them. The application of very warm water surcharges the skin with blood, while that of very cold water drives back the blood and contracts the capillaries.

There are other reasons, however, why soap and scrubbing-brushes are not only unnecessary to health, but even inimical to it. The outer cuticle, or scurf skin of the body, is composed of the same material as the nails, although the fiber is somewhat differently arranged. It is, in fact, the enamel of the skin, and its proper preservation gives to the skin of a beautiful woman the ivory polish so much admired. It is the protection of the true skin beneath. But, like the substance of the nails, it may be painlessly scraped or scrubbed off. It can all be scrubbed off easily enough, if one keeps scrubbing long enough. Under the microscope it is scaly, like the skin of a fish; and these scales may be easily scraped away. Nearly all soap contains strong alkalis, which soften the *epithelium* or scurf skin, and render it easily removed by rough scrubbing. A strong flesh-brush, rough towel and hot water are all wonderfully efficacious in removing this protecting membrane, but are wholly unnecessary to health and cleanliness. The only really healthy and proper water bath costs little or nothing, and can be taken at home. Some say they have no time to take a bath, but this bath only requires eight minutes before breakfast, which every one not inordinately lazy can take. Go to a tinner and get him to make you a tin tray about two inches deep and eighteen square. This will cost about sixty cents. Then buy a sponge, which will cost you about a quarter. With the tin pan, a sponge and a gallon of water, you have all the requirements for an excellent bath, and every person should take such a bath daily. It is only necessary to sponge yourself thoroughly from head to foot, and wipe dry with a soft towel. The exercise of doing this one'self—no one else should do it—is excellent. The water should be about the same temperature as the atmosphere, if you are healthy and strong, but if the weather is intensely cold, tepid water may be substituted. But the bath should not be taken with the window open or in a current of air, and the water should not be of the same temperature as the atmosphere in the room.

Commodore Ammen and the Mutineers.

A story told of Commodore Ammen, of the navy, the inventor of the steam ram, illustrates how important is unhesitating action in case of a mutiny. At the close of the war Ammen was the captain of a Pacific mail steamer. He had shipped as a part of his crew a lot of soldiers, men who had been sailors before the war, but had served since that time in the army. They were a reckless, bad lot. Almost before the steamer had left New York it was evident that there was going to be trouble. These sailors flaunted at the grub furnished them, and must have as good as the cabin passengers. One day the affair culminated by the gang forming and coming aft. When they entered the saloon they were headed by two desperadoes who had incited the mutiny. At their appearance several army officers on board volunteered their services to Ammen. He thanked them mildly, but said he would not need their help. He walked forward languidly toward the mutineers, and without giving them an opportunity to say a word took out his watch and said: "Now men, I want you to go right back to the forkesel. I will give you one minute to go." Ammen has the appearance of a benevolent old deacon who would weep with pain at the necessity of killing a fly. His voice was as soft as if lined with plush velvet, and as sweet as a maiden's voice when her Adolphus first encircles her timid waist. When he said simply to his men, "Now, I want you to go right back to the forkesel," the leaders grinned. This mutiny was to succeed too easily. So during the minute they scoffed at the old man. At precisely sixty seconds after the expiration of Ammen's remark he raised a pistol and shot one of the ringleaders dead. "Will you go back to the forkesel?" said Ammen to the second ringleader, pleasantly. The man hesitated; a flash! a report, and he too fell dead.

The deadly persistent blandness of Ammen's composure drove terror through the ranks of the mutineers. They went forward, and there was never any more trouble. This prompt action alone saved a very rich ship and a large number of passengers from plunder, outrage and murder.

THE London *Milk Journal* says that a pint of milk heated a little, but not boiled, taken every four hours, will check the most violent diarrhœa, stomach-ache, incipient cholera and dysentery. It is a cheap and agreeable sort of medicine, and will not be likely to kill if it does not cure.

"JOHN," said a New York country grocer to his man, "have you watered the rum?" "Yes, sir." "Dampened the the tobacco?" "Yes, sir." "Sanded the sugar?" "Yes, sir." "Then you may come in to prayers."

India Ink.

It is often desirable to finish photographs and drawings in India ink, in order to get the best effect, and this can be done by a tasteful person, at home, fully as well and with greater satisfaction, than when sent to some distant professional. The greatest trouble is the difficulty of procuring genuine Chinese ink. The *Scientific American* recently gave, in answer to a request, the following formula for preparing a perfect India ink, the formula being copied from Riffault's treatise on the manufacture of colors:

Calcined lampblack, 100 parts; boghead shale black, in impalpable powder, 50 parts; indigo carmine, in cakes, 10 parts; carmine lake, 5 parts; gum arabic (first quality), 10 parts; purified oxgall, 20 parts; alcoholic extract of musk, 5 parts.

The gum is dissolved in 50 to 60 parts of pure water, and the solution filtered through a cloth. The indigo, carmine, lake, lampblack and shale black are incorporated with this liquor, and the whole ground upon a slab, with a muller, in the same manner as ordinary colors, but in this case the grinding takes much longer. When the paste is thoroughly homogeneous, the oxgall is gradually added, and then the alcoholic extract of musk. The more the black is ground, the finer it is. The black is then allowed to dry in the air, until it has acquired sufficient consistency to be molded into cakes, which in their turn are still further dried in the air, out of the reach of dust. When quite firm, these cakes are compressed in bronze molds, having appropriate designs engraved upon them. The molded ink is then wrapped in tinfoil, with a second envelope of gilt paper, The ink which has been prepared in this manner possesses all the properties of the real Chinese article. Its grain is smooth; it flows very well, mixes perfectly with many other colors, and becomes so firmly fixed to the paper that other colors may be spread over it without washing it out.

HOW THE EYE BECOMES PERFECTED SO AS TO DISCOVER COLORS.—Science gives us interesting details about what the human eye has been and what it may become. The Vedas of India, which are the most ancient written documents, attest that in times the most remote, but still recorded in history, only two colors were known, black and red. A very long time elapsed before the eye arrived at the perception of the color yellow, and a still longer time before green was distinguished; and it is remarkable that in the most ancient languages the terms which designated yellow insensibly passed to the signification of green. The Greeks had, according to the received opinion now, the perception of colors were well developed; and yet authors of a more recent date assure us that in the time of Alexander, Greek painters had for fundamental colors only white, black, red and yellow. The words to designate blue and violet where wanting to the Greeks in the most ancient times of their history; they called these colors grey and black. It is thus that the colors of the rainbow were only distinguished gradually, and the great Aristotle only knew four of them. It is a well-known fact that when the colors of the prism are photographed there remains outside the limit of the blue and violet in the spectrum a distinct impression, which our eyes do not recognize as a color. According to physiologists, a time will come when the human eye will be perfected so as to discern this color as well as the others.—*Medical Press and Circular.*

CUTTING STEEL WITH SOFT IRON.—Jacob Reese, of Pittsburg, Pa., had long endeavored to construct a machine to cut hardened cold steel. He accomplished it at length by means of a saw of soft wrought iron—merely a circular disk—rotating at high volocity. With low speed this would not cut at all; but when running about 20,000 feet per minute the disk cut through steel rapidly, giving out an immense cascade of sparks in the operation. It was found on examining the *debris* beneath the disk that the particles of steel were not simply rubbed off. They were welded together in a pyramid like a stalagmite or the snow circles on the top of Mount Washington. Professor Hedrick ascertained that real fusion had taken place among the particles of steel. The disk is very little heated, but the steel is actually melted and drops down. Yet the bar on each side of the cut is not heated enough to draw the temper or oridize the metal. Solid bars of steel, of two or three inches in diameter, are thus cut through in as many minutes. The soft metal disk is about forty-two inches in diameter. The naked hands may be passed through the jet or stream of flying sparks during the operation without being burned, since the particles of melted metal are in the condition known as the spheroidal state.

ANCIENT METAL.—The oldest pieces of iron (wrought iron) now known are probably the sickle-blade found by Belzoni under the base of a sphinx in Karnac, near Thebes, the blade found by Col. Vyse imbedded in the masonry of the Great Pyramid, a portion of a cross-cut saw exhumed at Ninevah by Mr. Layard, all of which are now in the British Museum. A wrought bar of Damascus steel was presented by King Porus to Alexander the Great, and the razor steel of China for many centuries has surpassed all European steel in temper and durability of edge. The Hindoos appear to have made wrought iron directly from the ore, without passing it through the furnace, from time immemorial, and elaborately wrought masses of iron are still found in India, which date from the early centuries of the Christian era.

THE best society in Fiji never eat a boiled missionary in a month without an "a" in its name.

Grumbling About Newspapers.

Grumbling about newspapers, says the Boston *Traveler*, is as ancient as newspapers themselves. And notwithstanding the multiplication of these modern conveniences and the sleepless efforts of publishers to adapt their papers to every variety of taste and every grade of sentiment, affording, one might think, ample opportunitiy to readers to suit themselves perfectly—yet there is still, perhaps, as much grumbling about newspapers as there ever was. We suppose it does not often occur to the grumblers that possibly they themselves may be at fault, may be unreasonable, may expect impossibilities, may be out of humor, may have a fit of indigestion or spleen, or may be stupid or unappreciative. It may never occur to them that the men who toil night and day to furnish them the latest news and the greatest variety of information and entertainment, are mortal, and sometimes tire themselves, and get sleepy and cross and stupid, and forgetful and careless, and need and deserve, too, some consideration and even sympathy from those for whom they unceasingly work.

Fault finding readers do not consider that everything that is made by human brains and hands must, of necessity, be imperfect, however strong the desire and however earnest the effort to have it faultless. And above all they forget that a newspaper cannot be made for general circulation and yet, in everything, exactly suit any one person. A thoroughly good, enterprising newspaper, is really like a well-spread table. It contains variety as well as quantity; something for every taste and enough of each kind to satisfy any reasonable appetite. It is not expected that any guest of a table should eat of every dish provided. It is not supposed for a moment that every dish will be palatable to every guest or agree with every one's digestion; but it is thought and reasonably, too, that from the abundant bill of fare every guest can select enough that will be digestible and agreeable to make a substantial and satisfactoty meal. Just so it is with every well edited newspaper. No man is expected to read everything in the paper or to like everything if he reads it; but every man is expected to find enough that is good and useful and acceptable and agreeable in the ample columns spread out before him, to be a full equivalent for what the paper costs; and if he happens to find on the *carte* an article which offends his taste, or is in opposition to his views, he has just to let that alone and leave it for another, whom it will just suit, and for whose taste it was gotten up. In choosing his paper one should do just as he does in choosing his restaurant; he should select one whose general style suits him, and when his taste changes or the character of the paper deteriorates, he should change and try another; but never fret himself or vex his neighbors by grumbling and scolding about his newspaper which, after all, is just about as necessary to his comfort as his dinner.

ANTIQUITY AND DURABILITY OF BRICK.—The palaces of Cœsus, Mausoles and Attalus, and other extremely ancient buildings, were constructed of hard-burnt red brick. At the decline of the Roman Empire brick-making fell, to a great extent, into disuse, and was revived again by the Italians after a lapse of some ceuturies.

The mediæval, secular and ecclesiastical architecture of Italy abounds with fine examples of brick and terra cotta work, and decorations of great beauty have been executed in those materials.

Brick making arrived at its greatest pefection in the reign of Henry VIII., in England, and some of the finest known specimens of ornamental brickwork constructed in that reign, are still the subjects of admiration and are well preserved from decay.

On rebuilding London after the great fire in 1666, brick was the material universally adopted for the new erections, and laws regulating the sizes, thickness of wall and projections, were at that time made and enforced for the better protection of the community. Much of the brickwork remaining in London in buildings erected in the latter part of the seventeenth century and begining of the eighteenth, is admirably executed and in good preservation.

A PRACTICAL JOKE.—A Charlemont marketman, when delivering goods one morning, discovered on leaving the house of a customer a custard pie setting in a window where the lady of the house had placed it to cool for dinner. He at once appropriated it, and driving directly to the store of the lady's husband, called him out and told him he had "hooked" a nice custard pie, and if he would get some cheese they would have a nice time eating it. Of course the cheese was forthcoming, and after satisfactorily disposing of the pie the question arose what to do with the plate. The merchant said he would take care of that, and, suiting his actions to his words, dashed it against the wall. When the merchant went home to dinner that day his wife apologized for not having any desert, saying she made a custard pie for dinner and left it in the window to cool, and she supposed some boys must have stolen it. Her husband wasn't pie hungry, and seemed quite pleased about something, but kept "mum." Next morning the merchant, meeting the marketman, sang out "pie!" In reply the other said: "Cheese! And whose plate was that you smashed?"

THE old Court House in Rappahannock, Va., in which John Waller, Robert Ware, John Shackleford and James Greenwood were in 1774 arraigned for preaching the Gospel contrary to the law of the colony, is to be converted into a Baptist Church.

A SIGN OF THE TIMES.—*Little Girl*—"O lets play keeping a bank—and then you be cashier, and Tommy'll be the pleaceman to come after you when you bezzle the fun's."

Eating Horse in Berlin.

A HORSE SLAUGHTER-HOUSE—HOW THE DEAD HORSES ARE UTILIZED.

In the Griefswalderstrasse, not far from the new Kingsgate, appears above the high fence a big sign with the inscription: "Central Horse Slaughter-House." Two well executed horses' heads in wood, painted brown, are placed at the sides of the sign, as who should neigh "Step within, honored, yet much tortured equines. Leave behind you all fear of the whips of mankind." A massive portal leads within to a large, roughly-paved court, on the left side of which, in a separate building, is the office of the veterinary surgeon; and on the right the dwelling of the proprietor of the slaughter-house.

Every horse which is to be slaughtered in Berlin must be brought here alive. The animal is first examined by the veterinarian, and only upon his expressed judgment can it be killed. To-day from the beams above, are suspended four slaughtered horses, which have only been disemboweled. None of them could have boasted of fatness; but they now seem to rejoice among themselves that they have at last run away from civilized mankind. But there are at present sixteen horse butchers in Berlin, who at this time of the year are pretty busy, for as agricultural labors are nearly ended, the unhappy horses are got rid of at cheap rates. And how many horses are disposed of here? Last year they killed over 3,600. This year the number will be greater. They now slaughter sixteen a day on an average, but frequently as many as twenty-five.

And what is the value of a dead horse? On an average from twenty to thirty thalers. The skin fetches from eight to ten dollars. The bones are the perquisites of the proprietor; and for them he receives from glue manufacturers and bone burners a remunerative little sum. The larger viscera, such as the litter, heart and milt, are sold as food for hogs. The small intestines, after being cleansed and salted, are sent to sea-ports, where they are utilized as envelopes for all these different kinds of preserved meats used on board ships. The blood is emptied into large troughs, where the albumen is separated from it and sent to Prague. In that city a large albumen factory has for years taken this material on contract.

Finally, the flesh—but that goes to the horse-butchers; and we may readily believe that 4,600 horses become food. "The dogs get the most of it," said our conductor, and then he pointed out a large, clear liver hanging to a post, and remarked that it tasted very much like pig's liver. "But what the hounds do not get," he added, while he seemed to invoke the flavor of horse beefsteaks, "only poor people eat. Restaurants and such—Heaven preserve us!"—and he became quite serious. did our conductor.

Yet we could not help wondering at our own inconsistency. These fine pieces of meat were regarded with aversion, while at our feet a dozen ducks were smacking their bills in the gutters, and probably the birds would soon appear before us as savory roasts. There in the stable stood a fat pony, healthy and rotund. Was he also to be slaughtered? Certainly. He had a bad hoof, the curing of which would cost too much in food and time. And there next to him stood—an ass! happiness and impudence equally blended in his countenance. What was he doing here? He had been raffled away at a Swiss garden. Perhaps a weaver had won him, and finding no room for the little animal under his loom had sold him to the slaughterers. "And, excellent conductor," we enquired, diffidently, "what will be done with the ass' flesh?" "Yes—what is to be said—for restaurants and the like it is not—but, heaven preserve us—the flesh of the ass is—yes, it is very often used for sausages?"

We thanked our good informant and took leave. In the nearest restaurant we partook of refreshment, rejoicing in the meantime that the ass still lived.

ANOTHER REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.—Medical Brief reports that Dr. Maclagan has used salicine in rheumatism. He employed it in eight cases, and arrives at the following conclusions.

1. We have in salicine a valuable remedy in the treatment of acute rheumatism.

2. The more acute the case, the more marked the benefit produced.

3. In acute cases, its beneficial action is generally apparent within twenty-four, always within forty-eight hours. of its administration in sufficient doses,

4. Given thus at the commencement of the attack, it seems sometimes to arrest the course of the malady as effectively as quinine cures an ague, or ipecacuanha a dysentery.

5. The relief of pain is always one of the earliest effects produced.

6. In acute cases, relief of pain and a fall of temperature generally occur simultaneously.

7. In sub-acute cases the pain is sometimes decidedly relieved before the temperature begins to fall; this is espeially the case when, as is frequently observed in those of a nervous temperament, the pain is proportionately greater than the abnormal rise of temperature.

8. In chronic rheumatism salicine sometimes does good where other remedies fail; but it also sometimes fails where others do good.

The dose employed was from ten to thirty grains every two, three or four hours, according to the severity of the case. Fifteen grains every three hours Mr. Pemberton conceives to be a medium dose for an acute case.

A NEW JERSEY pedagogue justifies the corporeal punishment of pupils on Biblical grounds. He says that when the Queen of Sheba came so far to learn of Solomon, it is manifest she must have been struck with a ruler.

Financial and Commercial.

NEW YORK, NOV. 11, 3 P. M.—Gold opened at 109¼; 11 A. M., 109¼; closed, 109⅜; Sterling Exchange, $4 82@$4 84; Wheat market strong at $1 30 @1 30; Hides, market firm at 19½@20c; Wool, firm, Spring Fine, 20@28c; Burry, 14@18c; Pulled, 20@38c; Fall clip, 17@22; Burry, 17@20c.

LIVERPOOL, NOV. 11.—Average California Wheat, 10s 2d@10s 4d; Club, 10s 4d@10s 7d.

Brokers are buying Legal Tenders at 91, and selling at 91⅛c.

Half Dollars are quoted in this market at 6@6¼ per cent. discount buying, and 5¼@5¾ per cent. discount selling; Trade Dollars, 94½c buying, and 95c selling.

FREIGHTS AND TONNAGE.

The election has apparently had its effect on the freight market, as the engagements of the past week, until recently, were extremely light. On Tuesday there was a cessation of operations at the wharves, delaying the loading and discharging of vessels. Tonnage just now commences to accumulate again, owing to heavy arrivals of vessels. The market, therefore, is well supplied, and rates have a softening tendency. Quotations to a direct port for wheat tonnage are entirely nominal at £2 10s@£2 12s 6d, according to vessel. Outside business is now receiving some attention from shipowners, who do not feel inclined to accept wheat charters at the going rates. The engaged tonnage in port at this writing, aggregates 52,530 tons for wheat, and 6,758 tons for miscellaneous. The list of disengaged tonnage foots up 50,281 tons. The engagements of the week have been as follows: Ship W R Grace, 1,892, wheat and mdse to Liverpool, £2 10s. Br bark Cochrina, 989, wheat from Portland to Liverpool, private. Br ship Ennerdale, 1,249 tons, wheat to Liverpool, owners' account. Br ship Roderick Dhu, 1,642, wheat to Cork for orders, prior to arrival, private. Fr bark Emelle, 843, wheat to Falmouth on owners account. Br ship Ambrose, 862, wheat to Cork. Ship Eric the Red, 1,580, wheat to Cork, prior to arrival. Ship Charmer, 1,331, wheat to Liverpool, Dublin, Bristol or Havre, £3 5s, prior to arrival. Br ship Horsa, 1,094, wheat to Cork via Portland, owners' account. Br bark Anglo Norman 864, wheat to Cork for orders, prior to arrival, £3 10s.

PRODUCE MARKET.

[The following quotations of Flour and Grain are for gold, unless otherwise specified.]

WHEAT—Liverpool quotations are unchanged. The local market is firm; choice lots alongside would bring $1 75; shipping is quotable at $1 65@1 75; choice milling, $1 75@1 80; superfine, $1 50@1 60 ₱ ctl. Sales of 1,600 sks good shipping, $1 72½; 1,100 ctls do, $1 72½; 700 sks milling, $1 77½; 350 do Superfine, $1 50; 1,000 ctls shipping, $1 65; 350 sks poor Superfine, $1 50, silver.

Under date of Liverpool, November 10, the leading grain circular says: "The weather, which has changed to frost, is very severe for this early season; but it is untimely to be permanent, and has not improved the markets, which, on the contrary, have continued very inactive, Wheat ruling generally 6d and 1s. There are only six cargoes on sale off the coast, and about 16,000 quarters were taken for continental trade within the week. Since Tuesday there has been little doing, and Wheat buyers have had a slight advantage. Maize is firmer, and there was then an attendance of millers at this market. To-day there were moderate transactions, and sales beyond retail quantity were only effected at a reduction of a penny per cental, for both white and red. In Flour there was nothing doing, and prices were nominally rather lower. There was little doing in Corn; sellers ask an advance of 33d per quarter, which, though quotable, is not obtainable."

BARLEY—The market is quiet. Feed is quotable at 90@95c, silver. Choice for export is in demand at $1 05@1 17½. This demand has been steady through the season. The advance in rates of freight has stopped overland shipments; but shipments by water to New York have been large, the last vessel that cleared for that port, the Philip Fitzpatrick, having taken 14,710 centals; another ship is now loading, the major part of whose cargo will be Barley. Choice Bay Chevalier, $1 25@1 40 ₱ ctl.

OATS—Continue firm. Feed, $1 50@1 80; milling, $1 80@1 90 ₱ ctl.

CORN—Offerings are still in excess of the demand, and the market is weak. All kinds are quotable at $1 05@1 10 ₱ ctl, Sale of 500 sks of Large Yellow and Small Round at $1 07½, silver.

BUCKWHEAT—Quotable at $1 75@2 ₱ ctl.

POTATOES—Receipts yesterday were not as large, but the market is overstocked. There is a slight demand for export to China, but it is doubtful if it will be large enough to relieve the pressure. Sales of 300 sks Bay, on the wharf, at 55@80c; 150 do do, 60@65c ₱ ctl. Sweet dull at 50c ₱ ctl.

HAY—Choice is in good demand; the range is from $7 50@16 ₱ ton, the latter for choice Wheat. Sales of 40 tons good Mixed, $12; 38 do Dairy, $11 ₱ ton.

STRAW—Good has been advanced to 70@72½c ₱ bale.

ONIONS—Sales of good to choice at 60@70c ₱ ctl.

RYE—Quotable at $1 55@1 60 ₱ ctl, silver.

FLOUR—There is a demand, and sales have been made of Superfine grades for shipments to China at current rates. The market is firm for Superfine at $4 25@4 75; the best Extra, in shipping lots, $5 50; do Jobbing, $5 62½@6 12½ ₱ bbl, the latter price for silver.

CORNMEAL—Is in fair demand from the mills at 2½@3c; Feed, $27 50 ₱ ton.

OIL CAKE MEAL—Selling from the mill at $33 50 ₱ ton.

BRAN—The mill price is now $16 ₱ ton.

MIDDLINGS—Selling from the mills at $22 50 ₱ ton.

SEEDS—We quote: Flax ₱ lb, 2½@3c; Mustard, white, 2½@3c; Mustard, brown, 2½@3½c, Canary ₱ lb, 8@9c; Alfalfa ₱ lb, 12@13c; Timothy ₱ lb, 9@10c.

BEANS—We quote: Pea, ₱ ctl., $2; Small White, $2; Small Butter, $1 50@1 62½; Bayo, ₱ ctl., $2 50@3 75; Large Butter, $1 75@1 87½; Pink, $2 75@3; Red, $3@3 25.

BUTTER AND CHEESE—Pickled Roll Butter is weak. Fresh Roll, Butter, ₱ lb, 30@50c; Firkin, 26@30c; Pickled Roll, 30c; Eastern, 18@25c. Cheese; California, ₱ lb, 12@14c; Eastern, 12@15c.

PROVISIONS—Following are jobbing rates: Eastern Hams, 17@20½c; California Hams, 15c; California Bacon, 15@16c; Smoked Beef, 10@11c; Lard, tierces, 14@15c; Lard, cases, 14@16½c.

EGGS—Fair to choice are quotable at 47½@50c ₱ dozen.

POULTRY—Trade is dull and all kinds are weak. Hens, ₱ doz, $6 50@7 50; Roosters, do, $5 50@6 50, Broliers, do, $4@5; Turkeys, ₱ lb, 14@16c; do. dressed, ₱ lb, 12½@17c; Geese, ₱ pair, $1 75@2; Ducks, ₱ doz, $7 50@8 50.

GAME—All kinds are still plentiful. Venison, 6@8c ₱ lb; Hare, ₱ pr, $1 25@1 50; Rabbits do, 75c@$1 00; Quail do, $1 25; Small Duck do, $1 00; English Snipe do, 50@75c; Common do, 50c; Mallards, do, $3 00@3 50; Sprigs do, $1 50; Teal do, $1 50; Geese, white, ₱ pr, 75c@$1 00; do grey, pr, $1 50@$2 00.

FRUIT—Another partial cargo of Tahiti Oranges is at hand. Los Angeles Limes are very plentiful. Mexican Oranges, ₱ M, $25@30; Limes, do, $10@$12 50; Sicily Lemons, ₱ bx, $11@12; Cocoanuts, ₱ 100, $6@7; Bananas, ₱ bh, $2@3; Pears, ₱ bx, 75c@$1 50; Grapes, Mission, ₱ bx, 25@50c; do, Rose of Peru, 50@75c; do, Black Hamburg, 40@75c; do, Muscat, 50@75c; do, Tokay, 75c@$1; do Wine, ₱ ton, $15; Strawberries, $10@15; Apples, ₱ bx, 50c c@$1; Figs, ₱ lb, 4@5c; Quinces, ₱ box, $1@1 25; Cranberries, ₱ bbl, $13 50@15.

BEESWAX—Choice brings 25@27½c ₱ lb.

HONEY—We quote choice White, in frames, at 10@12½c; No, 2, 7@8c; Dark, 5@6c; Strained, 6@8c ₱ lb.

NUTS—California Walnuts are selling at 11@12c; Peanuts, 8@9c; California Almonds, 15@17c; do, hard shell, 8c; Eastern Chestnuts, 30c ₱ lb.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote: Apples, ₱ lb, 5@6½c; Pears, 8@10c; Plums, 3@4c; Do, pitted, —@13c, Prunes, 12½@17c; Peaches, 5½@7½c; Figs, black, 7@10c; Do white, 12½@15c; California Raisins: bx $1 50@2 75; Apricots, lb 10@12½c,

VEGETABLES—We quote: Cabbage, ₱ ctl, 50@62½; Marrowfat Squash, pr ton $7@8; Cucumbers, ₱ bx, 50@75c; ₱ bx, $1; Green Peas, ₱ lb, 4c; Okra, ₱ lb, 10@12½c; Garlic, ₱ lb, 3@4c; Lima Beans, ₱ lb, 2½@3c; String Beans, ₱ lb, 3; Green Corn, ₱ doz, 15@20c; Tomatoes, ₱ bx, 40@50c; Peppers, ₱ bx, 50@75c; Egg Plant, ₱ bx, $1@1 25; Mushrooms, ₱ lb, 10c.

HIDES—Dry are firm at 15½@16½c; dry Kip and Calf, 10@12c; salted Hides, 5@6 for light, and 6½@7c for heavy; salted Kip, 5½@6c; salted Calf, 6@9c pr lb.

TALLOW—Dull at 5@6c ₱ lb.

WOOL—The market is steady at quotations. Choice Northern, 19@21c ₱ lb; 17@19c for good do; 14@16c for good Southern; 10@13c for heavy; burry Northern, 14@16c; do Southern, 9@13c; Eastern Oregon, 21@21½c; and Williamette Valley, 25@26c.

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—California wool is in demand. Sales of 29,000 lbs at 20@29½ for Spring; 17½@25 for Wall.

HOPS—Quotable at 20@25c ₱ lb. No sales.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Wheat Bags and Potatoe Gunnies are nominally 11@12c apiece.

AN Irishman having been told that the price of bread had fallen, exclaimed, "This is the first time I iver rejiced at the fall of my best friend."

To A Bird.

BY JAMES A. BARTLEY.

When maiden daisies deck the ground,
And voices in the lanes are found,
When warmer suns in heaven glow,
And milder winds o'er meadows blow:—
Thou com'st, sweet bird! at that blest time
To glad with songs our northern clime.

How mellow is each warbled note
That gushes from thy mottled throat!
Such music sweet is seldom heard
As here thou givest, happy bird!
For, listening with a pleased surprise,
The forest seems a Paradise.

Such happy notes tell of a land
By gentle zephyrs ever fanned;
Where summer reigns throughout the year,
And raging tempest come not near,
When winter strips these woods again,
May thou and I that Eden gain.

—*Scribner.*

Vailed.

At old Egyptian festals, we are told,
Was aye a guest,
Who through the feast sat rigid, silent, cold;
Yet no one prest
To share the banquet, yet who still remained
Till the last song was sung, the last cup drained.

The cup, the song, the jest and laugh went round,
No cheek turned pale,
No guest amazed did query e'er propound,
Or lift the vail
To learn the wherefore one alone sat mute,
With whom nor host nor friend exchanged salute.

Usance and rose-crowned drapery did all;
That thing of bone,
That hideous skeleton in festive hall,
Evoked no groan;
No thrill of horror checked the flow of mirth,
Unseen, unfelt that grisly type of earth.

But did the host return when all were gone,
The lights put out,
The unseen presence of that nameless one
Might put to rout
All the gay fancies born of wine and song,
And speechless dread the fleeting night prolong.

At every hearth, in every human heart
There sits such guest.
We may not, cannot bid it thence depart,
Even at the best,
We can but crown with roses, vail and drape;
The thing exists, though we conceal its shape,

We shroud our skeletons from public gaze,
And from our own;
Ignore their presence with life's lamps ablaze,
Till left alone
With festal fragments, wine stains, lights gone dim,
We feel them with us, icy, bloodless, grim.

Our nerves would quiver to unvail the bones
Of the dead past;
We lock them in our hearts, with sighs and moans,
To keep them fast;
'Tis but in solitude we turn the key,
And dare to look upon them as they be.

The Colonel's Story.

Until I was fifteen, I lived at home with my widowed mother and two sisters. My mother was the widow of an officer, who was killed in one of the battles with Hyder Ali. She enjoyed a pension from the Indian Government. I was the youngest, and soon after my fifteenth birthday, she died suddenly. My sisters went to India on the invitation of a distant relation of my mother, and I was sent to school, where I was very unhappy. You will, therefore, easily imagine with what pleasure I received a visit from a handsome, jovial old gentleman, who told me that he was my father's elder half-brother; that they had been separated by a quarrel early in life; but that now, being a widower and childless, he had found me out, and determined to adopt me.

The truth was, the old man loved company; and that, as his chief income—a large one—was derived from a mine near which he lived, in a very remote part of the country, he was well pleased to have a young companion who looked like a gentleman, and could be useful as carver, cellar-keeper, and secretary.

Installed in his house, a room was assigned to me, and I had a servant and a couple of excellent horses. He made me understand that I need give myself no further anxiety on the subject of my future; that I might abandon the idea of proceeding to India in the Company's service, where a cadetship had been secured for me; and that, so long as I conformed to his ways, it was no matter whether I studied or not; in fact, it was no matter what I did.

Some time after becoming thus settled at Beechgrove Hall, my uncle's attack of gout, in spite of the generous living he adopted as a precaution, became so severe that he was unable to stir out except in a wheeled chair, and it was with difficulty that he was lifted occasionally into his carriage. The consequence was, that to me all his business naturally fell, and, although he grumbled at losing my society and attention, he was obliged to send me to London to watch the progress of a canal bill, in which he was deeply interested. It was my first visit to London. I was well provided with introductions and with funds. My uncle's business occupied me in the morning, for I dreaded his displeasure too much to neglect it; but in the evenings I plunged into every amusement, with all the keen zest of novelty and youth.

I cannot say that up to that period I had never been in love. My uncle had twice seriously warned me that if I made a fool of myself for anything less than a large fortune, he would never forgive me. "If, sir," he said, when, on the second occasion, he saw me blush and tremble—for I was too proud and too self-willed to bear patiently such control—"if, sir, you like to make an ass of yourself for a pretty face like Miss Willington's, with her three brothers and five sisters, half of whom you'd have to keep, you may do it with your own money; you shall not do it with mine."

I told my only confidant, Dr. Creeleigh, of this; he answered me, "You have only about a hundred and twenty a year of your own from the estate you inherited from your father, and you are living, with your horses and dogs, at the rate of five hundred a year. How would you like to see your wife and children dressed and housed like the curate—poor Mr. Serge? Your uncle can't live forever." The argument was enough for me, who had only found Clara Willington the best partner in a country dance. My time was not come.

My lodgings in London were in a large, old-fashioned house in Westminster—formerly the residence of a nobleman—which was a perfect caravansera in the number and variety of its inmates. The best rooms were let to members of Parliament and persons like myself; but in the upper floor many persons of humbler means, but genteel pretensions, had rooms. Here I frequently met on the stairs, carrying a roll of music, a tall, elegant female figure, dressed in black, and closely veiled. Sometimes, when I had to step on one side, a slight bow was exchanged, but for several weeks that was all. At length my curiosity was piqued; the neat ankles, a small, white hand, a dark curl peeping out of the veil, made me anxious to know more.

Inquiries discreetly applied to Mrs. Gough, the housekeeper, told me enough to make me wish to know still more. Her name was Laura Delacourt—not more than twenty or twenty-two years of age; she had lived four years previously with her husband, in the best apartments in the house, in great luxury, for one Winter. Mr. Delacourt was a Frenchman and a gambler; very handsome and very dissipated; it seemed as if it was her fortune they were spending. Mrs. Gough said it was enough to make one's heart break to see that young, pretty creature sitting up in her ball dress when her husband had sent her home alone, and remained to play until daylight. They went away, and nothing more was heard of them until just before my arrival. About that time Madame Delacourt became very humble; had taken a room on the third floor; had only mentioned her husband to say he was dead, and now apparently lived by giving music lessons.

It would be too long a story to tell how, by making the old housekeeper my ambassador, by anonymous presents of fruit and game, by offering to take music lessons, and by professing to require large quantities of music copied, I made first the acquaintance, and then became the intimate friend of Madame Delacourt. While keeping me at a freezing distance, and insisting on always having present at our interviews a half servant, half companion, of that indescribable age, figure and appearance that is only grown in France, she, step by step, confided to me her history. An English girl, born in France, the daughter of a war prisoner at Verdun, married to a very handsome Monsieur Delacourt at sixteen, by a mother who was herself anxious to make a second marriage. In twelve months Monsieur Delacourt had expended her small fortune, and deserted her for an opera dancer of twice her age.

All this, told with a charming accent, in melancholy tones—she looked on me sadly, with a face which, for expression, I have never seen equaled—produced an impression which those only can understand who have been themselves young and in love.

For weeks this went on, without one sign of encouragement on her part, except that she allowed me to sit with her evenings, while her *bonne* faddled at some interminable work, and she sang—oh, how divinely! She would receive no presents directly from me, but I sent them anonymously, and dresses, furniture, costly trifles, and books reached her daily. I spoke at last; and then she stopped me with a cold, faint smile, saying, "Cease! I must not listen to you." She pleaded her too recent widowhood; but I persevered, and, after a time, conquered.

She knew my small fortune and large expectations; she knew that our marriage must be a secret; but she was willing to live anywhere, and was well content to quit a life in which she had known so much trouble.

Before the session ended, we were married in an obscure church in the city, with no one present but the clerk and the pew-opener. We spent the few following days at a small inn, in a fishing village. Then I had to leave town, and carry out the plan I had proposed. I left my wife in lodgings, under an assumed name, at a town within forty miles of our residence. I had some time previously persuaded my uncle to let me take a lease from Lord Mardall of some untouched mineral ground, on very favorable terms, in a wild, thinly-peopled district, which was only visited by the gentry for field sports. This afforded me an excuse for being away from home one or two days every week.

Not far from the mines was the remains of a forest, and coverts abounding in game. In a little sloping dell, one of the Lord Mardall's ancestors had built a small shooting lodge, and one of the keepers in charge had planted there fruit trees and ornamental trees, for which he had a taste, being the son of a gardener. On this wild nest, miles away from any other residence, I had fixed my mind. With money and workmen at my command, very soon a garden smiled and a fountain bubbled at Orchard Spring; roses and climbing plants covered the steep hill-side, and the small stone cottage was made, at a slight expense, a wonder of comfort. The cage being ready, I brought my bird there. The first months were all joy, all happiness. My uncle only complained that I had lost my jovial spirits.

I counted every day until the day when I could mount my horse and set off for the new mines. Five and twenty miles to ride over a rough mountain road; two fords to cross, often swelled by Winter rains; but, day or night, moonlight or dark, I dashed along, pressing too often my willing horse with loose rein, up and down steep hills; all lost in love and anxious thought, I rode, until in the distance the plashing sound of the mountain torrent rolling over our garden cascade, told me I was near my darling.

My horse's footsteps were heard, and, before I had passed the avenue, the door flew open, the bright fire blazed out, and Laura came forward to receive me in her arms.

I had begged her to get everything she might require from London, and have it sent, to avoid all suspicion, to the nearest port, and then brought by her own servant, a country clown, with a horse and cart; and I had given her a check-book, signed in blank. After a time, I saw signs of extravagance; in furniture, in dress, but especially in jewels. I remonstrated gently, and was met first with tears, then with sullen fits. I learned that Laura had a temper for which I was quite unprepared.

The ice was broken; no more pleasant holidays at Orchard Spring. The girl, once so humble, now assumed a haughty, jealous air; every word was a cause of offense; I never came when wanted, or stayed as long as I was required. Half my time was spent in scenes of reproach, of tears, hysterics, lamentations. Peace was only to be purchased by some costly present. Our maid-servant, a simple country girl, stood amazed; the meek angel had become a tigress. I loved her still, but feared her; yet even love began to fail before so much violence. A dreadful idea began slowly to intrude itself into my mind. Was she tired of me? Was her story of her life true? Had she ever loved me? The next time that I made up my banker's book, I was shocked to find that, in the short time since my last remonstrance, Laura had drawn a large sum of money. I lost no time in galloping to Orchard Spring. She was absent. Where was she? No one knew. Severe cross-examination brought out that she had been away two days. I had not been expected that week. I thought I should have choked.

In the midst, I heard the steps of her horse. She came in and confronted me. Looking most beautiful and most demoniacal, she defied me; she threatened to expose me to my uncle; declared she had never loved me, but had taken me for a home. At length her frenzy rose to such a hight that she struck me. Then all the violent, pent-up rage of my heart broke out. I knew not what passed until I found myself galloping furiously across the mountain ridge that divided the county. Obliged to slacken my pace in passing through a ford, some one spoke to me. How I answered I know not. Whatever it was, it was a mad answer.

I listened to nothing, and pressed on my weary steed until just before reaching the moorland, when, descending into a water-course, he fell on his head, throwing me over with such force that for some time I lay senseless. I came to myself to find my horse standing over me dead lame. I led him on to the inn door and knocked. It was midnight, and I was not readily admitted. The landlord, when he saw me, started back with an exclamation of horror. My face and shirt were covered with blood.

Worn out, bruised and exhausted by fatigue and passion, I slept. I was rudely awakened, and found myself in the custody of two constables. Two mounted gamekeepers and Lord Mardall had followed and traced me to the inn.

"On what charge?" I asked, amazed.

"For murder," said Lord Mardall.

"The lady at Orchard Spring," said one of the gamekeepers.

I was examined before magistrates, but was unable to give any coherent answers, and was committed to the county jail. My uncle remitted me a sum of money for my defense, and desired never to see me again.

I will give you a description of my trial from the newspapers:

The prisoner had clandestinely married a lady of great beauty and unknown family, probably in station beneath himself, and had placed her under an assumed name in a lonely cottage. After a season of affection, quarrels had broken out, which, as would be proved by the servant, had constantly increased in violence. On the last occasion when the unfortunate victim was seen alive by her servant, a quarrel of a most fearful description had commenced. It was something about money. The servant had been so much alarmed that she had left the cottage, and gone down to her mother's, a mile away over the hill, where she had previously been ordered to go to obtain some poultry. From something that passed, her mother would not allow her to return. It would then be proved that Lord Mardall, attracted by the howling of a dog, when out shooting the next morning, had entered the open door of the cottage, and had there found the prisoner's wife dead, with a severe fracture of the skull. The prisoner had been pursued, from some information as to his usual course, and found asleep in the chimney corner of the Moor Inn, his clothes and shirt deeply stained with blood. It could be proved that he had washed his face and hands immediately on entering, and attributed the blood to the fall from his horse. But on examination no cuts were found on his person to cause such an effusion of blood.

But when Lord Mardall was called, he deposed to two facts which produced a great impression in favor of the prisoner. He saw the body at five o'clock and it was scarcely cold. He had found in one of the victims hands a lock of hair, which she had evidently torn from her assailant in her struggles, which had been desperate. He had sealed it up, and never let it out of his possession. The nails of her other hand were broken, and were marked with blood. She had no rings on either of her hands, though she was in the habit of wearing a great number; there were marks of rings, and of one which seemed to have been violently torn off. A packet of plate had been found on the kitchen table, a knife, and a loaf marked with blood.

Counsel were not allowed to speak for the defense in those days, and the prisoner was not in a condition to speak on the evidence against him. Witnesses for the defense were called, who proved that the lady wore frequently certain peculiar bracelets. The prisoner, who seemed stupefied by his emotions, declined to say anything; but his counsel asked the maid servant, and also the farmer who occasionally sold meat to Orchard Spring, if they should know the rings and bracelets if they saw them.

He then called Richard Perkins, jailor of the county prison, and asked him these questions:

"Had you any prisoner committed about the same time as the prisoner at the bar?"

"I had a man called Hay-making Dick, for horse stealing, the day after the discovery of the murder."

"Was it a valuable horse?"

"No; it was a mare, blind of one eye, very old, and with a large fen spavin. I knew her well; used to drive her in the jail cart; but when warm she was faster than anything about."

"Do you suppose Hay-making Dick took the mare to sell?"

"Certainly not. She would not fetch a crown, except to those that knew her. No doubt he had been up to some mischief, and wanted to get out of the county; only luckily, he rode against the blacksmith that owned the mare and was taken."

The judge thought these questions irrelevant; but after some conversation, permitted the examination to go on.

"Has Perkins searched the prisoner, and has he found anything of value?"

The jailor produced two bracelets, four rings—one a diamond hoop, one a seal ring—and a canvas wheat bag containing gold, with several French coins. On one of the French coins was engraved, "Charles to Laura," and a date. In answer to another question, he had found several severe scratches on Dick's face, made apparently by nails, which he declared had been done in an up and down fight at Broad-green fair. Also a severe raw scar on his left temple, as if hair had been pulled out.

At this stage of the proceedings, by order of the judge, the prisoner Dick was brought up. The lock of hair taken by Lord Mardall from the murdered lady's hand was compared with Dick's head. It matched exactly, although Dick's hair had been cut short and washed. Then Mr. Monley gave evidence that when he met the prisoner, on the night of the murder, immediately after he had left the cottage, there certainly was no blood on his face or dress. The landlord of the Moor Inn was called, and deposed that he found the corn placed before the prisoner's horse uneaten and much stained with blood. On examining the horse's tongue, he saw that it had been half bitten off in the fall the animal had suffered. No doubt the blood had dripped over the young squire.

It was a bright moonlight night shining in the prisoner's face.

The judge summed up for an acquittal, and the jury gave a verdict of "not guilty," without leaving the box.

A week after, Hay-making Dick made an attempt to break out of prison, in which he knocked out the brains of a turnkey with his irons. He was tried and condemned for this, and when hope of escape was gone, he called a favorite turnkey to him and said, "Bill, I killed the Frenchwoman; I knew she always had plenty of money and jewels, and I watched my opportunity to get 'em."

This ends the newspaper reports. My uncle died of gout in his stomach on the day of the trial, and died almost insolvent. By Lord Mardall's influence I received an appointment from the East India Company, and afterward a commission in their irregular service.

The Demoniac Ferocity of the Octopus.

A lobster and octopus battle is certainly a novelty in the way of animal combats, but such a fight actually occurred in the Naples arena. A lobster giant, who had previously exhibited his prowess in crushing with his great pincer-claws the skull of a turtle as easily as if the reptile's head had been a nut, was introduced into the happy family circle into the octopus tank at London. Immediately, the largest octopus gave battle to the crustacean; the lobster, early in the fight, seizing one of the soft, pliant arms of his opponent in his claws; the octopus managing, however, after a time, to withdraw the captured member. Day by day the combat dragged out its weary length, sometimes one side being temporarily victorious—as when the lobster lost a large claw—and sometimes the other. At last the combatants were separated, the lobster being placed in a new and unappropriated domain in an adjoining tank.

Now comes the strangest part of the history; for the octopus, as if seized with the passion, which, if exhibited in humanity, we should term one of "dire revenge," climbed over the partition separating the tanks, seeking his enemy, and, having found him, proceeded to wage war anew. The result was most disastrous to the crustacean, for the octopus was found, we are told, with the lobster in his clutches, literally torn into halves. Thus, to natural ferocity, we find the octopus unites immense agility and a stolid persistence. This same cuttle-fish extended no sympathy to his own species; for when two others—in addition to the two who had from the first been his companions—were introduced into his tank, he chased them from the water, and forced them to take refuge on the dry docks above. Another octopus, in a British aquarium, pulled out the plug of his tank, and brought death on himself and all his companions in a single night.

AMATEUR SURGERY.—A correspondent of the Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, writing from Austin, Illinois, gives the following account of a case of amateur surgery: A singular case of surgery has just been successfully performed in this place. Mr. Morris Shorter, a farmer in this vicinity, had his leg fractured, and dispensing with medical aid, had his wife set the broken limb. He was in a fair way to recover, when, a few days ago, while attempting to decend a flight of stairs, he fell, breaking the same leg again. He still persisted in refusing medical aid, and insisted that his wife should amputate the fractured member, which she did successfully. The patient is doing well, despite the amateur treatment which he has undergone.

Woman's Hand.

There is scarcely in the whole scope of our enjoyment—it is a bold, bold assertion, but oh, how true!—a sensation more delightful than that arising from the warm touch of a woman's hand. Its very delicacy and weakness, as it glides into a strong and manly grasp, is a fit emblem of the just confidence the heart is so desirous to bestow upon its destined protector. And while the nerves thrill over the soft fingers and the electricity of passion is firing every vein—whilst a spirit richer and more refined than thought itself, flutters in the bosom—how the heart seems striving to expand itself into that unutterable ecstacy of being, so seldom felt—so impossible to be described. Reader, invoke, we pray thee, the aid of memory, and let her recall, in moonlight fitfulness, the scenes of thy courtship; the April mornings of hope and fear; of love, joy and passion. Let those visions of bliss again rise in shadowy review, like the springing afresh of a rainbow fountain—thou wilt own that whether amid the luxuries of art, screened by a friendly shade from the two strict scrutiny of the brilliant chandelier, or in the solitude of nature's untimed magnificence—if thou couldst but win the confidence of her thou lovest, so seemingly unconscious it had escaped her maidenly keeping she would trust her timid hand in thine, thy thoughts were flooded with delight—thy very bosom glowed with a generous rapture. Oh! how you then swore to thy heart of hearts (a more holy, more pure than that of the altar) to protect, to comfort her—to minister to her joys, to be her guard, her guide, her all in all? If thou didst not, thou wast no lover. Perchance with the soft reminiscence of stolen glances (the first of unpledged love), timid speeches and ardent vows, comes the withering thought of faith broken, looks estranged and vows forgotten—the cold countenance, the haughty answer, the disdainful smile. Alas! memory is too faithful a witness; and when called to bear testimony to the dearest pleasures of "Lang Syne," dare even there be cross-examined.—*Noah's Sunday Times.*

EFFECTS OF TEA.—If you drop a few drops of strong tea upon a piece of iron, a knife blade for instance, the tannate of iron is formed, which is black. If you mix it with iron filings or pulverized iron, you can make a fair ink. If you mix it with fresh human blood it forms with the iron of the blood the tannate of iron. Take human skin and let it soak for a time in strong tea and it will become leather. Now, when we remember that the liquids which enter the stomach are rapidly absorbed by the veins of the stomach, and enter into the circulation and are thrown out of the system to the skin, respiration and kidneys, it is probable that a drink as common as tea, and so abundantly used, will have some effect. Can it be possible that tannin, introduced with so much liquid producing perspiration, will have no effect upon the skin? Look at the tea drinkers of Russia, the Chinese and the old women of America, who have so long continued the habit of drinking tea. Are they not dark colored and leather skinned? When young they were fair complexioned.

SLEEP AS A MEDICINE.—A physician says that the cry for rest has always been louder than the cry for food. Not that it is more important, but it is often harder to obtain. The best rest comes from sound sleep. Of two men or women, otherwise equal, the one who sleeps the best will be the most healthy and efficient. Sleep will do much to cure irritability of temper, peevishness and uneasiness. It will restore vigor to an over-worked brain. It will build up and make strong a weak body. It will cure a headache. It will cure a broken spirit. It will cure sorrow. Indeed, we make a long list of nervous and other maladies that sleep will cure. The cure of sleeplessness requires a clean, good bed, sufficient exercise to promote weariness, pleasant occupation, good air, and not too warm a room; a clear conscience and avoidance of stimulants and narcotics. For those who are overworked, haggard, nervous, who pass sleepless nights, we commend the adoption of such habits as will secure sleep; otherwise life will be short, and what there is of it sadly imperfect.

THE HOME MISSIONARY FIELD.—A tract distributor, says the Brooklyn *Argus*, followed by a small, inoffensive looking dog, ambled up the steps of a private residence in Clinton street yesterday afternoon, and rang the front door bell. A dark-visaged female responded, and the instant she saw the dog, asked nervously:

"Whose dog is that, sir?"

"Mine, madam," said the meek and lowly disseminator of evangelical truth.

"Well, I ought to have known it," she added, sharply, "it looks so much like you." And she slammed the door in his face. The Home Missionary field is full of such inducements to Christian labor.

THERE is published in Berlin the Journal of Cooks and Housemaids, in which housekeepers who lock up their butter and sugar and inflict other indignities upon their servants, are held up to public obloquy by name. A large number of the subscribers of the paper have bound themselves not to enter the service of any woman who has been thus advertised three times within the year.

NEVER GO BACK.—What you attempt, do with all your strength. Determination is omnipotent. If the prospect be somewhat darkened, put the fire of resolution to your soul, and kindle a flame that nothing but death can extinguish.

"I hear that your husband has lost his hearing," whispered one lady to another. "Yes," was the muffled reply; "but don't whisper so loud; he doesn't like to hear the subject referred to."